

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

# ELEANOR ROOSEVELT (CROSS REFERENCE)

**PART 5 OF 14** 

### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

### FREEDOM OF INFORMATION/PRIVACY ACTS RELEASE

SUBJECT: Eleanor Roosevelt
<u>CROSS-REFERENCES</u>
PAGES RELEASED: 158
MOTE: A search of the indices to our central records system at FBI Headquarters revealed cross-references to your subject. A cross-reference is defined as a mention of your subject in a file on another individual, organization event, activity or the like. In processing cross-references, the pages considered for possible release include only those pages which mention your subject and any additional pages showing the context in which your subject mentioned. When such a page also contains information about another subject matter, the information about another subject matter.

THIS IS ENCLOSURE 5 of 14 ENCLOSURE (S)

scope" of the request is marked with "o/s" in the margin and bracketed. Whenever possible, the o/s material is released; however, it is withheld if consultation with another government agency would be required or if it is otherwise exempt from disclosure. For your information, the exemptions that apply to the material had it been

within the scope of your request has also been noted on the document.

February 11, 1984 MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. LADD MR. BUSIN MR. WINTERRUWD MB. NICHOLS This morning Assistant Attorney General Stanley barney called at my office and personally handed to me the attached undated memorandam from his office, directed to the Bureau, and requesting further investigation of the Honor Industry. Judge Bernes stated that the reason he was handing the so me personally was because of its highly confidential nature in that it involved persons of milional and international prominence, such as and Mrs. Eleany Roosevalt. Judge Barnes stated that Special Agent Agent has been working upon this matter and apparently has done & very satisfactory piece of work up to date. is view of the extreme importance of this mader. I would like to have it given special attention, seeing that sufficient personnel are assigned to the same to bring it to an early .. inclusion but with complete thuroughness. It also should be very carefully sup-retaind by the investigative Division at the Seat of Government. Very truly yours. \*\*\* n. **T** John Edgar Harver Director 165 17 854 JEH:mp4

# FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

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COMMUNICATIONS: SECTION

MAIL記憶

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H. E. DEPARTMENT

ONAL ASSOCIATION FOR Ŋ. IMENT OF COLORED P WEST 40TH STREET, NEW YORK 15, N. Y.

LONGACRE 3-6890

Official Organ: The Crisis



9th June 1947

Mr. R. A. To Mr. Clegg Mr. I Mr. Trees

Dear Mr. Hoover:

On Bunday, June 29th, from 4 to 5 P.M. the President of the United States, Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Senator Wayne Morse will speak at the closing meeting of the 38th Annual Conference of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People at the Lincoln Memorial in Washington, D. C.

70100

A cordial invitation is hereby extended to you to sit on the platform on that occasion. Will you be good enough to let us know if you are able to do so. A special card of admission will be sent you.

Sincerely yours Becretary Mr. J. Edger Hoover 1/3 32 Jul 1 1047 EX-22

**€**>21

NY T-61 on January 16, 1962, furnished a current letterhead of the NAACP, 20 West 40th Street, New York City, which contains the names of the national officers and members of the Board of Directors, NAACP. The following individuals are contained on the letterhead as members of the Board of Directors: SUDJECT ORGENIZATION ELEANOR ROOSEVELT D.C. N.Y.

Dear Sir:-

I am enclosing a copy of a supposedly speech. It is so fantastic, I would like to know if it is a subversive organization; on another sheet is a so called partial list of the Communist-Front affiliations. Quote:

Elcanor Roosevelt (56 incidents) 2,3,4,5,15,18,20,21,22.

in "Guide to Subversive Organizations & Publications" (House Document 226, 85th Congress). REC. 34

American Com. for Democracy & Intellual Freed? RHCORDED American Com for protection of Foreign Born MAR 7 1960

TRUE COPY

### TRUE COPY

- 3. American League for Peace & Democracy (League Against War & Fascism.)
- American Youth Congress

China Aid Council.

Citizens Committee to free Earl Browder

Civil Rights Congress.

Committe for Peaceful Alternatives to the Alantic Pact.

Emergency Civil Liberties Committee. 10. Joint Anti-Fascist Refugee Committe.

Mid-Century Conference for Peace. 11.

12. National Com. to Repeal the McCarran Act.

13. National Com, to secure Justice in the Rosenberg Case, etc.

14. National Com. to Win the Peace.

- 15.
- National Council of American-Soviet Friendship etc.
  National Counsil of the Arts, Sciences & Professions. 16.
- 17. National Lawyers' Guild. 18. National Negro Congress.

19. "New Masses."

"Protestant" (Protestant Digest") 20.

Southern Conference Educational Fund (Southern Conference 21. for Human Welfare).

"Soviet Russia Today" ("New World Review") 22.

23, Spanish Refugee Appeal.

Veterans of the Abraham Lincoln Brigade. Quote: "An organization known as Modern Community Developers is attempting to set up a racially-intergrated subdivision in Deerfield. The founder of MCD was Kivie Keplen, a director

of the National Assi-for the Advancement of the Colored People. The advisory Com of MCD includes the following directors of the NAACP or members of the NAACP fund raising "Com, of 100": Albert Sprague Cooledge, Morton crossman, William crossman,

William Scheide, Max Belson, Jackie Pobison, and Eleanor Boosevelt" Unquote./

Also I Quote \*(Adapted from the record of a public hearing of the Florida Legislation, Investigation Committe, Feb. 10, 1958, Unquote.

The enclosed was sent to my son & he gave it to me, I told him I would get in touch with you.

To me the pamphlet enclosed & the rest, surely is from a very subversive group. It was a puzzle to my son as well as myself. I sent for 4 extra copies, it came from Box 365, Park Ridge, Ill. initialed (N.R.S.) intitials, but the envelope came from Pittsbugh, Pa. - The copy to my son came from Evanston, Ill.

Please let me know what it is all about & from what group of propagandists. Sincerely,

FEDERAL BUREAU OF

FORM No. 1 THIS CASE ORIGINATED AT

NEW YORK

FILE NO.

				<del></del>	
REPORT M	NEW YORK	JUL 1 9 1954	5/10-13,14,17 21,24,25,27,2	REPORT MADE BY	
TITLE	COMMUNIST OF THE	INFILTRATION NATIONAL	6/1-11,15-29; 7/12-15/54	CHARACTER OF CASE	
ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCE		ANCEMENT			
SYNOP	SIS OF FACTS:			•	,

National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) incorporated under NYS Membership Laws, 6/19/11. Stated aims, objectives, history and officers set forth. Informant reports NAACP operates approximately 1000 branches throughout 40 of the 48 states. Reported a total membership of about 200,000. NAACP leaders denounce Communism and reveal awareness of the CP to infiltrate and "Push" CP line. Sample of CP directive concerning activity in NAACP set forth reverling objectives, methods, and means to recruit CP members into NAACP. Contents of article "The NAACP Convention" in November 1953 issue of "Political Affairs" set forth. Reliable informent reports that a standard CP directive is in effect at present time which is being vigorously pursued by CP members to join and infiltrate NAACP. Instant organization considered by the CP as a "Prime Organization" and an "Umbrella to get out of the rain". Indications of CP to infiltrate and dominate the NAACP Branches throughout the United States and its territories set forth.

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Board of Directors D.H.H.C.P.

ELLENOR ROOSEVELT; Jamaica, N.Y., Los Angeles, Calif.,

769

January 15, 1958

PERSONAL

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Solution

Washington, D.C.

Dear

The attached papers carry records indicating Communist affiliation of 134 individuals whose names appear on the current national letterhead of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People and the current national interhead of The Committee of 100 In Support of the N.A.A.C.P. Legal Defens and Educational Fund, Inc.

46 of these individuals have separate incidents of Communist affiliation context with their names 15 or more times each, ranging up to a soul of 108 separate

Filiations on the part of

The individuals whose names appear on the national letterhead of the NAACP and/or The Committee of 100, have a grand total of 2194 affiliations as described about

You will notice the sheet labeled "15 Or More Incidents Each" carries a Professional, or employment, or similar identification, indicating 20 of these 46
are clergymen; 6 are identified as attorneys; one as a chief justice of a state
supreme court; 9 are educators. 3 of the 9 educators are also identified as
clergymen. 4 clergymen have a title of bishop. The other categories are self
apparent.

westigating agencies of federal and state governments, will observe this as one of the most shocking and alarming compilations made in connection with any one organization which does not qualify under the technical requirements necessor to designate the NAACP as a Communist front.

The attached report consists of 280\* pages. This is an original research project report never compiled heretofore. Parts of this report were sentented in comber 1957 and other parts during January 1958.

Cordially yours,

\*51 page synopsis of 20 Sputniks for Negroes
"79 pages NACP leaders records.

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### Southern Conference for Human Welfare

The first big penetration of the Communist Party into the South came with the launching of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare in Hovember 1938. The launching took place in Birmingham, Alabama, with the blessings of the White House. Eleanor Roosevelt was the principal speaker.

On November 22, 1938, Mrs. Roosevelt, addressing the conference, said; "The eyes of the world are upon us... The future of democracy rests with the nation's youth. Face the question with open minds and above all make sure a thing is true before accepting it as true. On this alone can we stake our hopes for democracy." (Report of Proceedings of the Southern Conference for Human Welfare, p.29)

3.

UC INY

- (1) All-Harlem Youth Conference -- sent greetings -- Daily Worker, May 12, 1938 List of Communist Helicalist of
- (2) American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born = 410 JE sponsor -- Daily Worker, October 21, 1941, page 4
- (3) American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born -- sponsor of dinner -- program, October 26, 1946
- (4) American Committee for Protection of Foreign Born -- signer of open letter -- folder, 1947
- (5) American Committee for Spanish Freedom -- sent message to -- Daily Worker, November 23, 1945, page 8
- (6) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- made cash contribution to -- Headlines of ACYR, July 1945, page 1
- (7) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- accepts honorary chairmanship -- Daily Worker, December 21, 1945, page 3
- (8) American Committee for Yugoslav Relief -- honorary chairman -- letterhead, July 23, 1948
- (9) American Communications Association -- speaker at annual convention -- Baltimore Evening Sun, April 16, 1940, page 8
- (10) American Federation of Teachers, Local #5 -- received annual award -- Daily Worker, April 23, 1939
- (11) American League for Peace and Democracy -- sent donation to China Aid Council -- Daily Worker, March 21, 1938
- (12) American Relief for Greek Democracy -- honorary chairman -- letterhead, November 19, 1946
- (13) American Student Union -- entertained leader, Joseph P. Lash, at White House, November 30, 1939 -- Times-Herald, December 1, 1939
- (14) American Youth Congress -- sent letter of greetings to account Milwaukee -- official program, July 2-5, 1937
  - (15) American Youth Congress -- speaker at City College -- Daily Worker, January 29, 1938
- (16) American Youth Congress -- speaker at New York dinner -- Evening Star, March 1, 1939
- (17) American Youth Congress -- speaker, New York -- program, July 9, 1939

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- (18) American Youth Congress -- defender of AYC before Council of Southern Women -- Evening Star, January 26, 1940, page 4
- (19) American Youth Congress -- invited Congressmen to White House to meet AYC leaders -- Washington Post, February 7, 1940, pages 1, 7
- (20) American Youth Congress -- speaker, Monday Evening Club -- program, February 13, 1940
- (21) American Youth Congress -- speaker, Chicago -- program, April 13, 1940
- (22) American Youth Congress -- defended -- Liberty, April 20, 1940
  - (23) China Aid Council -- sponsor -- undated folder
- (24) Christmas Amnesty Plea for Communists Convicted Under the Smith Act -- signer of petition to President Eisenhower urging commutation of sentences and postponement of trials --New York Times, December 21, 1955, page 20
- (25) Daughters of the American Depression -- sponsor -- New York Times, May 13, 1940
- (26) End Jim Crow in Baseball Committee -- sponsor -- news release, July 30, 1945
- (27) Foster Parents Plan for Spanish Children -- supporter -- Direction, October 1939
- . (28) Indusco -- member of advisory board -- letterhead, April 1951
- (29) Jewish Black Book Committee -- sponsor -- undated pamphlet
- (30) League of Women Shoppers -- speaker, New York -- Daily Worker, December 9, 1936
- (31) Metropolitan Music School -- advisory council member -- catalog, 1953-54; 1954-55
- (32) Motion Picture Artists Committee -- sent donation -- Daily Worker, March 21, 1938
- (33) National Citizens Emergency Relief Committee to Aid Strikers Families -- member of national board -- Worker, March 17, 1946, page 5

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- (34) National Committee to Abolish the Poll Tax -- sponsor -- letterhead, March 8, 1946
- (35) National Conference on the German Problem -- sponsor -- official release, March 6, 1947
- (36) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- sent greetings -- Worker, November 19, 1944, page 2
- (37) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- sent greetings to rally -- Daily Worker, November 15, 1945, page 3
- (38) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship, Committee of Women -- sent greetings to Soviet women on International Women's Day -- Daily Worker, March 4, 1946, page 8
- (39) National Council of American-Soviet Friendship -- member of Committee of Women -- press release, March 13, 1947
- (40) National Emergency Conference for Democratic Rights -- endorser of statement -- folder, 1940
- (41) National Negro Congress -- speaker at Philadelphia gathering -- Daily Worker, February 12, 1938
- (42) National Right-to-Work Congress -- speaker -- program, June 3, 1939
- (43) People's Front for Peace -- sent greetings -- Daily Worker, August 30, 1937, page 2
- (山) Protestant Digest -- writer of statement -- letterhead, December 27, 1939
- (45) Russian War Relief -- sent telegram of greeting -- Soviet Russia Today, December 1941, page 20
- (46) Southern Conference Educational Fund -- signer of letter protesting Congressional hearings on SCEF -- letter, June 10, 1954
- (47) Southern Conference for Human Welfare -- speaker -- program, November 20-23, 1938
- (48) Southern Conference for Human Welfare -- speaker at convention in Chattanooga -- program, April 16, 1940
- (49) Southern Conference for Human Welfare -- consultant -- official report, 1942
- (50) Southern Negro Youth Congress -- speaker -- April 28, 1939

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- (51) Soviet Russia Today -- contributor -- Soviet Russia Today, June 1942, page 6
- (52) United American Spanish Aid Committee -- supporter -- Appendix IX, page 1608
- (53) United States Arrangements Committee, World Youth Conference -- honorary patron -- letterhead, July 1945
- (54) United Student Peace Committee -- endorser of "peace strike" -- Daily Worker, April 20, 1939
- (55) Workers Alliance -- speaker at convention, Washington, D. C. -- New York Sun, June 7, 1939, page 1
- (56) World Youth Congress -- speaker at opening session -- Vassar College, August 16, 1938

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INDEXED-41

## THE UGLY TRUTH

**ABOUT** 

THE NAACP



W. M.

AN ADDRESS BY

ATTORNEY GENERAL EUGENE COOK

OF GEORGIA

BEFORE THE

55th ANNUAL CONVENTION

OF THE

PEACE OFFICERS ASSOCIATION

OF GFORGIA

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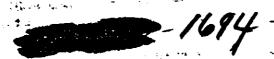
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WHEN YOU FINISH READING THIS
PASS IT ON TO SOMEONE ELSE.



LAPRENCE PROTEST CO., 18C.

posed legislation to outlaw the Communist Party held before the House Un-American Activities Committee on May 3, 1950. Although he stoutly denied being a Communist, he was quoted as saying that such a question was "unfair" because it a "immediately precludes from appearing before this a Committee many of the people who would be on trial under a bill of this kind." The transcript further quoted him as saying that: "Presumably there are people who may, for sincere and personal reasons, wish to be members of the Communist Party. They may want to come here and object to this bill, but, I suppose, if they had to answer that question, they very likely would not come."

Director of Public Relations Henry Lee Moon, the Association's propaganda chief, is listed as a member of the "subversive and Communist" Washington Book Shop and the likewise-designated National Negro Congress which is "the Communist-Iront movement in the United States among negroes." His book, "Balance of Power: The Negro Vote," was praised by the Daily Worker and he was listed in 1949 as a nominee to be commentator for the "subversive and Communist" Voice of Freedom Committee.

Of the NAACP's 28 Vice Presidents, the following 11 have records of Un-American activities:

John Haynes Nolmes, 23 citations; A. Philip Randolph, 20 citations; the late Mary McLeod Bethune (who still is listed as a vice president) and William Lloyd mes, 16 citations each; Oscar Hammerstein, II, the composer, and Bishop W. I. Walls, seven citations each; Ira W. Jayne and L. Pearl Mitchell, two citations each; and Willard S. Townsend, T. G. Autter and Grace B. Cenderson, one citation each.

Of the 47 members comprising the Association's Board of Directors, the following 28 have records of the UnaAmerican activities:

Earl B. Dickerson, 25 citations; Algernon B. Black, 18 criations; Lewis Gannett, 15 citations; Roscon Dunjee, 13 citations; S. Ralph Harlow and Chairman Channing H. Tobias, 10 citation each William H. Mastie, nine citations; Hubert T. Delancy, eight citations; Benjamin E. Mayl, president of Atlanta's Morehouse College, six citations; Robert G. Weaver, five citations; Buell G. Gallagher, four citations; President Arthur B. Spingarn, Earl

G. Harrison, James J. McClendon, Ralph Burche, Allen Knight Chalmers and W. Montague Cobb, three citations each; J. M. Jinsley, Wesley W. Law of Savannah, Ga., Norman Jousins, Z. Alexander Looby, Harry J. Greene and Alfred Bakes Lewis, two citations each; and H. Claude Hudson, Carl R. Johnson, A. Maceo Smith, James Hinton and Theodore M. Berry, one citation each.

Two other Vice Presidents and three other Directors are well-known apologists for left-wing causes. The two Vice Presidents are Senator Wayn Morse of Oregon and Erictioniston of the Motion Picture Industry. The three Directors are Mrs. Eleanor Prosevelt, CIO President Walter Pouther and Senator Herbert H. Jehman of New York.

Other officers of the NAACP with Un-American activity records are:

Lloyd Garrison, chairman, National Legal Committee, five citations; Treasurer Allan Knight Chalmers and Branch Department Director Gloster B. Current, three citations each; Southeast Regional Secretary Ruby Hurley, West Coast Regional Secretary Franklin H. Williams, Field Secretary Madison S. Sones and Assistant Special Counsel Robert L. Carter, two citations each; and Field Secretary Tarea Hall Pittman, one citation.

But of all the NAACP officials and policy-makers listed in the files of the House Un-American Activities Committee, none has a record as notorious as that of W. E. B. DuBois to whom I have previously referred as one of the founders and present "Honorary Chairman" of the Association. No less than 72 citations of Communist, Communist-front and subversive activity are entered against his name—the latest of which was the statement he issued upon the death of Joseph Stalin reading: "Let all negroes, Jews and foreign-born who have suffered in America from prejudice and intolerance, remember Joseph Stalin."

Yet this same W. E. B. DuBois was one of the "modern scientific authorities" whose writings were accepted by the United States Supreme Court as the basis for its decision of May 17, 1954, prohibiting segregation in the public schools. DuBois contributed to 82 different portions of the book, "An American Dilemma," which was cited in its

## Reds Scrap Negro Front, Turn Sights On Another Group

NAACP on Guard As National Negro Congress Is Buried

By FREDERICK WOLTMAN. World-Telegram Staff Writer.

The Communist party has de cided to scrap one of its pet fronts, the National Nerro Congress, and concentrate on infiltrating the National Assn for the Advancement of Colored People, the country's foremost non-political Negro organizations, with 1509 cal Negro organizations, with 1509 al Negro organizations, with 1509 branches and 580,000 members.

A secret decision to liquidate it 11-year-old front among the Negroes and try to capture branches of the NAACP was reached last summer by the Communists' top national committee, according to this week's issue of Counterattack, newsletter on Communism.

The first step came to light in an obscure announcement from Chicago last week, following a conference of the Civil Rights Congress, legal defense arm of the Communist party. The latter announced simply that the National Congress merge" with it.

First Plan Failed.

that the Communist party has already tried to infiltrate eight of

White said, "and will continue to watchful.

"It has long been Moscow's tacics to direct its local Communist parties to concentrate on persons nost exploited. This is nothing new to us. But we won't let any political party to come in and dictate our policy or use NAACP for its own purposes."

"Undoubtedly," he added, "it was originally the plan of the Mational Negro Congress to step in and displace the NAACP.

The proposed "merger" is only Len cover-up for liquidation so the and Communists running the so-called Negro Congress can move in on the NAACP, mays Counterattack, which is published at 55 W. 42nd St., by a group of former FBI agents who are specialists on

Inconspicuous Drive.

The party has ordered them to

Division, with a large facade of Amore ont names Landi. Maxwell. ingram, Bennett-Cerl and Franklin P. dams, as well as scores of Walte: White executive secre-veteran Communist fellow travel-tary of the NAACP, meanwhile, ers such as Johannes Steel, Lever-told the World-Telegram today ett-S. Gleason, and Donald Ogden veteran Communist fellow travel-Stewart.

As part of the buildup, it staged auditions in Town Hall last Sep-We cracked down quickly," Mr. tember to pick six unknown Ne-nite said, "and will continue to gro musical artists. Three concerts were arranged for them and similar auditions were announced for 1948 with preliminary try-out in key cities throughout the matter.

The new shift in signals took effect, meanwhile; and another Communist front is about to be on party orders. buried quietly-

Directors of the NAACP, which the Communist concentrate, include BOT Springton, Justice Eubert Z laney, former Gov.

The National Megro Congress The National Assn. for the

Internal Security ZOGRDED

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Marshall Plan for NAACP

of Truman and Dewey are now visiting civil was upon the largest Negro rights organization in the country—the National Association for Advancement of Colored Peoples.

Last Monday afternoon Dr. W. E. D. Dubois, NAACP director of research, was fired by the Association's board for having questioned the objectives of America's foreign policy as administered by the Truman-Dewey coalition.

The excuse given by the board for ousting Dr. Du-Bois, a founder of the association, is that he made his complaint public before it came officially before it.

Dr. DuBois' memo on foreign policy had condemned the bipartisan foreign policy as being against the colonial people and opposed to UN civil rights' action. He charged Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt had announced she would resign her UN post if any other nation brought up the civil rights issue.

Under such conditions he opposed having Walter White, Association secretary, represent the NAACP as consultant for the American delegation.

White, himself, has been active on the political front in his Herald-Tribune column, having attacked the candidacy of Henry Wallace twice there recently. He sailed for Paris with the American UN delegation the same afternoon Dr. DuBois was fired.

The issue seems pretty clear: A Marshall Plan imperialist foreign policy against a policyy of anti-imperialism and colonial freedom.

Dr. DuBois, an outstanding and revered leader of the Negro people, has been ousted by the organization which he helped found because he insists that the organization remain in the fight for freedom. As a supporter of Henry Wallace, he sought in politics the program which most closely approached the NAACP program against Jimcrow and imperialism.

Arthur Spingarn, Association board chairman, after voting to fire Dr. DuBois, said of him: "He is one of the greatest leaders of his race and will be long remembered gratefully by all who value-freedom."

Did the leaders of the NAACP, in kicking Dr. DuBois, out, turn their backs on the fight for freedom?

That is the question which they will now have to answer to the members and friends of the organization.

INDEXED - 30

78 SEP 20 1948

This is a clipping from Page 9 of the Daily Worker

Date 9-/6-F Clipped at the Seat of Government:

# 9 SEP 23124P >

The NAACP Has

Accomplished Much

for Democracy

By ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

HYDE PARK, Sunday—From July 12 to 17 in Los Angeles the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People will hold its annual conference and celebrate its 40th anniversary.

The closing session will be a memorable one because the annual presentation of the Spingarn Medal will be made by Madame Pandit of India to Dr. Ralph J. Bunche.

I hope that on this anniversary many people will review the work of this organization since its beginning in 1909. This group has worked under the American Constitutional system and within the framework of the Constitution and has accomplished much for real democracy.

Not many people will remember the beginnings of this organization. In 1908 the country had been shocked by stories of race riots in Springfield, Ill. For two days mobs, among them many of the town's "best citizens," went wild and killed and wounded scores of Negroes and drove thousands from the city. The accounts in the newspapers stirred up a great deal of feeling in the North, and brought about a meeting in 1909 in New York City, with William English Walling, Mary White Ovington and Dr. Henry Moskowsitz, among others, participating.

AT that first meeting it was decided to call together a national conference on the Negro duestion and the group turned to dewald Garrison Villard, then gresident of the New York Evering Post, who drafted the call to the meeting which was to be held

on Lincoln's birthday. Many fine people accepted this invitation, and Dr. W. E. B. Du Bois was called from Atlanta University to an executive position in the new organization. In 1910 there appeared the first number of the "Crisis," the magazine of the association.

Perhaps the most vital accomplishments over the years are in the legal area of the work, carrying cases to the Supreme Court, often successfully.

THINK the creed that expressed the spirit at the foundation of the organization is still the one by which its members live today. This creed is found in James Russel Lowell's verses, written 70 years ago.

"Once to every man and nation comes the moment to decide," In the strife of truth with faisehood, for the good or evil

Then to side with truth is noble when we share her wretched crust,

Ere her cause bring fame and profit, and 'tis prosperous to be just;

Then it is the brave man chooses, while the coward stands aside. Doubting in his abject spirit, tills his Lord is crucified.

And the multitude makes virtue

of the faith they had denied."

Walter White has been the executive secretary for a long time

and he is now taking a wellearned year of rest, so Roy Wilkins, who has been the assistant secretary and editor of the "Crisis," which is still the monthly magazine, has been made secretory during Mr. White's absence. Mr. Wilkins has done much successful investigating for the organization.

organization.

The NAACP is working very well. I think it is one of the best bulwarks that we have against Communism among ou Negro population, since its members are active in promoting democracy.

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# White's Future as NAAP Head Hinges on Today's Vital Meeting

At the most crucial board meeting in its 41-year history, the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People today will decide whether to retain Walter White as executive secretary or drop the internationally famous Negro spokesman who has headed the civil rights organization for over two decades.

Ostensibly, the 48 - me mber non nuptials last July, has been porters is expected to be Mss. the most vocal of the board members day at 20 W. 40th St., will be bers demanding summary distributions to return to his post or May 31. following a year's leave the most vocal of the board executive.

One of White's staunchest supdirectors. condition.

Actually, the board will be giv-Actually, the poaru will be by ging consideration to charges by White's opponents on the board that the Negro leader's marriage that the Negro leader's marriage white Positive Cannon, last July to Miss Poppy Cannon, a white advertising executive, has ended his usefulness to the

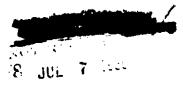
interracial organization.
White, under whose leadership
the NAACP attracted an unprecedented 502.000 Negro and white ed to resign last May after doctors warned him that a heart allment might prove fatal aniless he relaxed his activities.

The board then tabled his res-Ignation auth voted instead the year steme of absence, appoint-

ing Roy blikins, White's assistant, as coing secretary.
Last month, White informed the board that his health had improved and that his doctors said he opcid return to his duties as executive secretary

Opposing his return at today's meeting, however, will be Carl hutphy, publisher of the Afro-American Newspapers, a chain of Negro metropolitan weeklies with the second largest circulation in the Negro field.

Murphy, whose newspapers editorially endorsed the interraa tore the White Can-



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Mr. Nichola ...

N. A. A.P.

Wirt Rights & Sometin Willene

timel association for The alexander e Set to Resume Walter White, spark plug of the National Assn. for the Ad-vancement of Colored People for more than two decades, was ready today to resume his duties as executive secretary of the largest civil rights organization among Negroes.

White was recalled to his position by a 23-12 vote of the board of directors yesterday, following a 3%-hour debate. Technically, the board adopted a "plan of organization without regard to personalities" su mit-ted by a special committee appointed by Dr. Louis Wight, NAACP board chairman last January to plot the future opera-INDEXED - 143 78 JUL N.A.A.C.P. Civil Right & Romestic Violence
CILIPING THOM THE
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down vote resulted from new reports by his physicians that rest ports by his physicians that rest and treatment had improved his ponents on the board that his condition, and that he was now able to return to his NAACP duties.

July when he married Poppy Cannon, a white advertising executive.

Evaluate White had attempted the marriage of the internation-

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NAACP when doctors warned him in May, 1949, that his duties endangered his life because of a heart ailment. The board rejected his proffered resignation at that time, and gave him a year's leave of absence.

His marriage followed two months later. Yesterday's show-

Earlier, White had attempted the marriage of the internation to resign all connection with the ally-famous Negro leader to all NAACP when doctors warned woman of another race, White re-

### Walter White Set to Resume NAACP Helm

Continued from Page 8
ing his year's leave, becomes administrator of internal affairs—a new post recommended by the planning committee. The same committee will recommend a slate of top officials for the NAACP by next January.

The vote against White's return was cast mainly by Southern directors, who contended that the marriage of White to a white marriage of White to a white of "Social equality" into the fight for Negro rights in their areas. Aided by Mrs. Roosevelt

Addid by Mrs. Roosevelt

The director but the administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and and a white attorney for the Nathern of social equality" into the fight for Negro rights in their areas. Aided by Mrs. Roosevelt

The director but the administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and and a white attorney for the Nathern of the organization.

The directors, however, assumed more control over affairs of the organization.

The future, not only the excutive director but the administrative administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and and administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and and a white attorney for the Nathern of the organization.

The directors, however, assumed more control over affairs of the organization.

In the future, not only the excutive director but the administrative administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and white attorney for the Nathern of the organization.

In the future, not only the excutive director but the administrative administrative administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and and administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and a somewhat similar position is now held there by Leslio Perry, administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and a somewhat similar position is now held there by Leslio Perry, administrative assistant, who last service to making the NAACP and a somewhat similar position is now held there by Leslio Perry, administrative assistant,

# Mrs. Rossevelt

# Legalistic View Taken by Courts in Alabama M

HYDE PARK—I was formally presented on Tuesday afternoon by Tau Kappa Alpha National Forensic Honor Society with its "speaker of the year" award.

I feel very much honored by this since the society says it is given for "effective, responsible and intelligent speaking on significant public questions during 1955 in the field of education, scientific and cultural activities."

I certainly is a rewarding thing to be told that I have done well in one of the activities which take up a good part of my time.

### ¶ Legalistic View

HEARD yesterday morning that the Alabama Supreme Court had turned down an appeal by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People to suspend a \$10,000 contempt of court fine which was set by the circuit court.

Both of these are state courts and I suppose it is natural for them to take a narrow legalistic point of view and to feel they have a right to know the members of an organization within their state. The NAACP had refused to produce a list of its Alabama members.

The courts must realize, however, that fear of reprisals, economic or physical, under present tensions makes the disclosure of such a list utterly impossible from a moral standpoint. If the situation would be reversed, the whole thing could be understood much better.

Nonder if it occurs to the

or the court judges that this question will affect not only the state of Alabama. The whole world is watching what happens there.

Citizens of Alabama say they fight for freedom—freedom to do as they choose—yet they probably are jeopardizing the freedom of the world. For Asia and Africa are the two continents where today the beliefs of a democratic free world are being weighed against the beliefs of the communist world. If the number of communist states should rise, the number of free people in the world would diminish, thereby lessening the chances of keeping other people in the world free.

The question before us in the United States is not what we do in our country but what effect the things that are done in Alabama will have on the future of the world.

### & Shocking Story -

THAT was a most shocking story in the Tuesday papers describing how criminals—36 in mates of nock Quarry State Prison in Georgia—broke their legs with 10 pound sledgehammers in protest against working conditions. Mr. Forrester, the state director of correction, said the men were working at a rock quarry and he described them as "among the most hardened in Georgia."

Have you ever seen a chain gang in Georgia working along the road? Have you ever watched the men in charge of these road camps with their whips and their pistols in their belts?

I sill remember one guard's

face which I saw 20 years ago in one of these camps. I was more afraid of him than I was of the prisoners.

It is bad for any man to have complete control over another human being, and this whole system in Georgia is a bad system. Men do not inflict such pain and serious injury on themselves merely to get out of doing hard work. There must have been unbearable conditions. And we call ourselves advanced in our penal institutions.

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### AY NEGRO I CLATHEAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT CCLCRED PCCFLE GROUPS ARE NFILTRATED

Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Mr. Mohr. Mr. Parsons Mr. Rosen Mr. Tamm Mr. Trotter. Mr. Nease. Tele. Room Mr. Holloman Miss Gandy.

Negro Ex-Communists Relate Details of Penetration; Legislative Committee Hearings To Continue

By ED CLINTON Two Negro ex-Communists testi ied today that Communist infilration of Negro and other minority troups started more than 25 years

And one of them, Leonard terson of Jamaica, L. I., said exploitation of minor incidents into full scale race tensions started as early as 1929, when Communist agitators precipitated a riotous tectile strike in Gastonia, N. C.

He testified before the Joint tive Committee on Segregason which is looking into causes of racial unrest in the South yis a scries of public hearings.

The other Negro, Manning Johnson, Washington, D. C., followed Patterson to the witness stand in the Court of Appeal room at the state Capitol just before the noon ecess and described his affiliation with the Communists.

Committee Chairman Sen. Wilam Rainach said Johnson's tesmony would continue this aftereace and another witness may be called if time permits. He said at least three other witnesses are to be heard from before the hearings Close.

Already on record is the testimony of W. Guy Banister, New
Orleans assistant police superint of CLIPPING
tendent and former FBI agent, and
Joseph Kornfedder, Detroit, for JED 3-7-57
mer Communist.

Wark in Churches

Work in Churches Much of the infiltration of Negro RKED FILE AND INITIALED society by the Communists has

erson told the committee.
"The bulk of the Negro populaion was in the churches, so the schnique was to give them top priority.

STATE TIMES BATON ROUGE, LA.

Page 1 Cols. 5 . 50 APR 1



STAR WITNESS—The star witness at this morning's bearings the cause of racial unrest, before the Joint Legislative Committee on segregation was Leonard Patterson of Jamaica, L.L. The Negro told the committee he was active in the Communist Party and listed ex. said, was given to labor enions. amples of its infiltration of Negro and other minority groups in the and in Louisiana. - Photo by Ken Armstrang.

as a body has never accepted communism." In great detail, he related his personal experiences as a member of the Young Communist League, later as a member of the Com-munist Party central committee, and as an active participant in the revolutionary plan for overthroging the government and to domi

nate the world." graduate of the Lenin school in Moscow, where Communications for international organization are trained, he explained the indoctrination procedures.

Answering direct questions by Committee Counsel Bill Shaw, Patterson said: "The Communist par-

churches in the South, the North and all over the United States And, he added, they have infil-trated Negro and other minority

groups in this country.
"But," he stressed, "the Negro

has been able infiltrating

Second priority in their efforts to infiltrate the South, Patterson

shoremen's unions in ports like New Orleans, Houston and Savan mah, Ga." he said. Quit in 1937

It was a disagreement of bongshoremen's strike the prompted him to sever his e nection with the party in 1957. wittess declared.

After years in various capac he was assigned to organize shoemen in Philadelphia and

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est Coast port strike" was called citizens are loyal emzers to their Negro front group still operated and legislative delegation was the Country of African Affairs and sissippi beaded by Sen. So illey of making demands in are sometimes mixled."

Johnson Testifies

Johnson's testimony during the legislative delegation was the Country of African Affairs and sissippi beaded by Sen. So illed to his demands.

Johnson's testimony during the legislative delegation was the legislative delegation was

aded to his demands.
"But I had no authority to setthe strike," he said. "I had to port to the executive committee of to the party. When I made grant report they told me, We're they told me, we're they to interested in 10 cents an hour in getting a couple more men on tach crew, we want to demonstrate the power of the Communist party.

"It was then I knew that they alid not have the interests of the Segro, or anyone else, at heart,

se added. Continues on lage 8-A, Col 1)

### AY NEGRO

(Continued From Page 1) with various federal agencies in combatting communism ever since.

Cites Examples Specific examples of what he satisfy the "Communist technique" things as the march on Washing-ton after the Scottsboro case, the

excerpts from records of the parexcerpts from records of the party, ching their objective as comty, ching their objective as complete world demination, and idenplete world demination, and identified a pamphlet as "the Cumtified a pamphle

organiations," Patner part and parare governed by the party rules-they follow the party line."
Summarizing his reasons for vol-

summarizing his reasons are the interity appearing before the to the attitude of the CIO, that committee. Patterson said he communist you must fight it here, there and goold not hold with the Communist every day. With the NAACP, its

people in any state of the United tried everything from Negro from rectal troubles right down to the state of Louisiana."

He said the "solution in Louisiana"

"Moscow just couldn't under an might also solve the problem of the problem states."

Description of the line of the said the said he began and the said the

morning session was limited to his background in the party and since he left it in 1940.

He left the party, he said, dur-ing the Nazi-Soviet pact.
"It takes something bordering on shock to compel someone who has been indoctrinated as thoroughly as I was to make the break," he said.

Since leaving the party, he added, he has been a "conserva-

tive."
I'm not a middle-of-the-roader," he declared, "a middle-of-theparty shortly after the incident roader is a coward-he woesn't

Rainach indicated Johnson's testimony would substantiate that if Patterson and add details of authern infiltration by the party.

Other Wilnesses Still to be heard are three witnesses, including Dist. Atty. Leander Perez of Plaquemies Parish,
e segregation leader for many years. Rainach has not identified Northern groups in the South.
the other witnesses.

Mrs. FDR Leader

Several Negroes, including the the case yet with the NAACP. Fev. T. J. Jemisen, local minimum But he warned, "it could be the iter and integration leader, were case, however, if the leadership does not become more alert."

Although the NAACP says it is fighting communism, he added, "one can't be serious about combatting Communist infiltration and still advertise and sell Commu-nist literature.

They haven't yet come around

positions that a bloody revolution just an occasional potshot."

Tried Everything is necessary. The said, "that the confedder testified Communists to the united beautiful tried everything from Negro from people in any state of the United tried everything from Negro from people in any state of the United tried everything from Negro from people in any state of the United tried everything from Negro from the base differences of organizations to realision to make

he said, the Communist party now

NAACP.

"It's going to be a fight," he better known for "dirty infighting said. "The Negro commission of than theory" while in the party, the party is in direct contact with confirmed Banister's testimony.

Moscow. They have 1,600 more or less experienced Negro party that American Names and Moscow. workers they can throw around in any direction."

He estimated Negroes made up half the approximately 600 Amercans he said were trained for sub-version in Moscow the last 30 rears.

Kornfedder slowly gave what be said was a step-by-step story of Communist efforts in Dixie, concentrating on Negroes.

He described one front group; which he called the People's Institute of Applied Religion, which lused religion to gain Southern Negroe interest.

Then, he continued, the South ern Conference on Human Rights was developed, after the Commies found they were using too many

Yesterday morning Banister to questions, he testified hirs gave his views of the Communist Elyanor Roosevelt, wife of the late

member and organizer.

"The party has infiltrated the Kornfedder said the CIO leaders NAACP in the United States," followed the administration lead-Kirnfedder declared, "but that ership at the time. Earlier, he desn't mean they control it."

To have control," he continued, being organized at the time Stalin, being organized at the time Stalin, being organized at the time Stalin, being organized at the time Stalin.

racies.
"That's when Washington and Moscow were setting up their big flirtation," he said, smiling.
"The impact of all this Con-

munist organizational effort began to affect the members of the raw that's an wastional Assn. for Advancement of does that."

Colored People," he continued. He Ha referred to the attempt by said W. E. B. Bubois was "an Mish Authorine Lacy to register honorary NAACP chairman" and at the University of Alabama in the first top NAACP lead 1866, which created violent residuals.

Sen, W. M. Rainach, committee chairman, said the committee the "Communist influence" behind racial troubles "right down to the

He said the "solution in Louisi-

the Course of African Affairs and a registrative desegration wits main objective is to foster sissippi beaded by Sen. Stanton Negro Nationalism in Africa."

Hall of Hattiesburg. A delegation from South Carolina was expected the said, the Communist party now but sent word it could not attend.

Kornfedder, a pudgy, little bald-

that American Negroes were a suppressed group and therefore susceptible to communism," he said, and he began Communist work with the Negroes in the early 1920\$.

He said he came to this country in 1917 from Czechoslovakia and two years later helped organize Communist party in the United States.

Under questioning from Shaw, Kornfedder spent most of the day outlining the activities of the Communist party and its method of operation in the United States.

He said he left the party after

15 years when he disagreed with a change in the party line.

That was the excuse," Konfeder explained. "I came to do bt the Communist solution of social problems after my three years in

which the Communist-inspired gave his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and his views of the Communist Ebjanor Roosevelt, wife of the leading and the leading and proper the bound and Plaquemiaes of St. Bernard and existed.

"I think the NAACP has been busy in recent months generating few incidents," be said "I would say the Autherine Lucy incident would be an example, and any Negro family moving into a neighborhood where they're not wanted. An ordinary Negro family just wouldn't take such a rask that's an organization man that does that."

President Listed With Red-Front Citations-

# Vhites Still Play Top Roles in NAACP

EDITOR'S NOTE: Recently, G. E. Pankey of Ruston wrote to Editor George W. Shannon of The Journal, asking that in-formation be printed about the president of the NAACP. "He should be known to the public and not allowed to operate in secrecy against the public peace in Louisiana," said Pankey, who wrote also that he had never seen a picture of the NAAUP leader. The following article deals not only with the president of the NAACP, but also with the background of some of that organization's other leaders.

#### By CHARLES C. PHILLIPS Journal Staff Writer

The National Association for the Advancement of Colored People was formed principally by white people and it has always bad a white man as president.

The NAACR president is Arthur B. Spingarn. New York altorney.

Spingarn, in 1940. Spingarn, like most of the NAACP leaders has been branded a left-winger. However, he has been listed as having lonly four Communist front citations

tal of 401, or Loch, for 10 TRACE directors.

as a signer of a statement approving the War Department's order permitting commissioning of mem-bers of the Communist Party (5)

The statement was aponsored by the Sational Federation for Constitutional Liberties, which was do it has a yearly budget of \$750,000.

Scribtt as Viciously subversive. Some of the NAACP directors are

Cook of Georgia US Louisiana Sovereignty Commission shows that Spirgarn was a supperter of the Citizens United to Abolish the Wood-Rankin Commita congressional investigative body. His name appeared as a member of this committee in the New York Times March 14, 1946.

ing to a booklet issued by that or ganization on April 14, 1944. Atty.

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ARTHUR SPINGARN
NAACP Prosident

Gen. Cook also described that or-sanization as "subversive and Communist."

Springafn's name appeared as a sponsor of the Public Use of Arts Committee in 1939. An investigation by the Georgia Commission on Education in 1958 resulted in this committee's also being labeled a Communist front organization.

The best known or, at least, the most often quoted official of the NAACP is probably Roy Wilkins, a New York Negro, who is execu-On March 18, 1945, Spingarn's He has been listed by the Georgia name appeared in the Communist newspaper, "The Daily Worker," ing seven Communist front clations.

> Wilkins is paid \$15,000 a year. The last report shows that the NAACP has 368,808 paid up members in 1,434 chapters in 45 states.

Some of the NAACP directors are scribic as viciously subversive" Some of the NAACP directors are in a speech to Air. Gen Engene standard known whites. At the time the Louisiana Joint Legislative

From Page One

Committee, headed by then State New York Times March 14, 1946. Sen. white Spingarn was a delegate to the bearings on Communist activities Council on African Affairs, according Baton Rouge in 1957, the NAACP Council on African Affairs, according to Baton Rouge in 1957, the NAACP Crectors included such names as Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt and Oscar Hammerstein II, the song purities.

The committee listed what # called the Communist front affilia-

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tions of 10 NAACP directors. They were:

Algernon D' Black, 61 Communist frogst citations, leader of the Party in the U.S.) Congress, activations, leader of the Party in the U.S.) Congress, activations group in New York City; Hubert T. Delaney, 18 citations, New York Judge; Earl B. Dickerson, 72 citations, Chicago altorney and president of the bi-racial Chicago Urban League; Oscap Hammerstein, 25 citations, a director of the Negroes for Wallace committee in 1948.

Browder, head of the Communist in 1948. In 1948, in 1948, and communist in 1948.

Browder, head of the Communist in 1948.

March 3, 1942; signed an open letter for the Nessenbergs, the Soviet Friendship organization in atomic spies; member of the Chicago Council of American-Soviet Friendship organization in 1948, and was a member of the Negroes for Wallace committee in 1948.

Rammerstain was a member of the American Society for Russian Relief in 1946.

relations, of the National Council Harlow was a member of the and 1950.

of Churches: Benjamin E. Mays, American-Russian Institute in 1945; According to a recent Associated 22 citations, Atlanta, Ga., president of the Committee for Peaceful Press story, the idea for the of the Morehouse Negro College. Alternatives to the Atlantic Pact in NAACP originated with Mary White formerly executive secretary of the Tampa, Fla., Urban League 1937, to the Golden Book of American Principles and board member of the National Council of Churches and delegate Union, and signed a statement in the first two assemblies of the 1943 opposing renewal of the Dies Springfield, Ill., Lincoln's home to the first two assemblies of the World Council of Churches

Mrs. Eleanor Reosevelt, 57 city tions, widow of the late president; Channing H. Tobias, 44 citations, New York Negro, a member of the Truman Civil Rights Commission and a member of the National Council of Churches, department of International Justice and Goodwill; Bishop W. J. Walls, 38 citations, of the Chicago African Methodist Episcopal Zion Church, member of the executive board of the National Council of Churches and a member of the council's committee on cultural and human relations and a delegate to its first assembly.

The list of alleged Communist iront citations against each of these ing the Communist Party in 1947. Industry and other areas, plus a NAACP directors would be too long in the print here, bowever, a few illustrative organizations will be listed. All were cited as Communist fronts the American Youth Congress; Wilkins, the NAACP secretary, but the Louisiana Laint Legislative and the American Youth Congress; Wilkins, the NAACP secretary, but the Louisiana Laint Legislative and the American Youth Congress; Wilkins, the NAACP secretary, but the Louisiana Laint Legislative and the American Youth Congress; Wilkins, the NAACP secretary, but the Louisiana Laint Legislative and the American Youth Congress; Wilkins, the NAACP secretary, but the Louisiana Laint Legislative and the Communist Party in 1947.

the Daily Worker for amnesty for the jailed leaders of the Communist, Party convicted under the Smith He signed an appeal on Jan. 3, 1949, as the Committee of One Thousand urging abolition of the House Un-American Activities Committee.

Delaney was a member of the A'l-Harlem Youth Confreence May of 1938; was a member of the left wins N and of the Council on African

Dickerson was a member of the Browder VEarl ing of the National Negro Congress Algernon D Black, 61 Communist Browder, head of the Communist in 1938.

Algernon D Riack, 61 Communist Browder, head of the Communist in 1938.

Tobias spoke at a Communist in December 1938.

Harlow was a member of the and 1950.

Committee for Employment in York social worker, and launcied 1938; endorsed the program of the a campaign in 1909 to "jelp Council on African Affairs in 1945 Negroes." On May 21, 1909 the and was a sponsor of the fourth NAACP was born.

They received help from Oswald Committee for Protection of the G. Villard, publisher of the New. Foreign Born in 1940. 🔭

merstein, 25 citations, a director of the Ford Fund for the Republic; S. Ralph fiarlow, 23 citations, professor of religion and sociology at Smith College, Northampton, Mass. Reception committee in 1945; the National Communist Party in 1942; was a Smith College, Northampton, Mass. Reception committee of the Social sponsor of the U.S.-Soviet Friend-Delegation, in 1943 and of the Russian Relief in 1945.

William Llovo trace, 31 citations, Reception committee of the Social sponsor of the U.S.-Soviet Friend-Delegation, in 1943 and of the Russian Relief in 1946.

Harlow was a member of the Social sponsor of the U.S.-Soviet Friend-Delegation, in 1943 and of the Russian Relief in 1946.

Russian Relief in 1946.

Russian Relief in 1946.

Russian Relief in 1946.

Harlow was a member of the Australia to t

protesting investigation of Com- lish Walling, southern-born white munists which appeared in the man and author of the Springfield magazine, Equality; was a meministic article, enlisted the helps of ber of the Harlem Coordinating Dr. Henry Moskowitz, another new Committee for Employment in York social worker, and launched

oreign Born in 1840. York Post . . and a white man. Ways was a member of the Villard proposed a plan which African Aid Committee in 1946 and with some refinements, has been 1950; the Civil Rights Congress in followed by the NAACP through 1947; the National Committee to the years. He proposed organizing Repeal the McCarren Act and staffs to specialize in combating signed a manifesto against outlaw-discrimination in education, labor,

by the Louisiana Joint Legislative signed a petition to President told the AP recently he feels that Committee. Committee.

Eisenhower urging commutation of the AP recently he feels that Black was a member of the Interpolation of the Interpolation of the NACP will attain the goal it Church committee of the American trials of alleged Communists; be set for itself seven years ago. That Trussian institute according to a longed to the National Council of goal is "Complete elimination of letterhead of that organization in American-Soviet Friendship in 1946 all vestiges of second class citimary, 1947. He signed an appeal and spoke at the Philadelphia meet zenship" for Negroes by 1953 the Which appeared Dec. 19, 1852, in the Dally Worker for amnesty for tion Proclamation.

### Memoranuum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/10/62

PROM

SAC, SAN FRANCISCO

(RUC

SUBJECT:

COMMUNIST INFILTRATION OF THE WOMEN'S INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE FOR PEACE AND

PREEDOM (WILPY)

OO: PHILADELPHIA

Re Bureau letter 4/2/62, and San Francisco letter to Bureau 5/29/62.

Enclosed for the Bureau are £ copies of letterhead memo concerning captioned organization. Two copies are being designated for Philadelphia.

The list of U.S. delegates to the 15th International Congress of WILPF at Asilomar, Pacific Grove, California, 7/8 through 13/52, is being furnished to offices covering; residences of delegates by separate correspondence.

On July 13, 1962, the first source advised that the WILPF held a dinner meeting on July 7, 1962, at the Hall of Flowers, Golden Gate Park, San Francisco. This meeting was held to greet delegates from several countries who came to the United States to attend the 15th International Triennial Congress at Asilomar starting on July 8, 1962. BARBARA ULMER, California State President of WILPF, gave a short talk and introduced Mayor GEORGE CHRISTOPHER

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of San Francisco who spoke for a few minutes and welcomed the delegates from the various countries. WIMER then read telegrams that had been received from Governor PAN BROWN of California, BERTRAND RUSSELL, ELEANDR ROOSEVELT and the India Embassy. Delegates from Japan, India, Denmark and the United States spoke. The delegate from Japan said that the anti-Communist was not the true patriot but that the people working for peace and world disarmament were the true patriots.

AL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY Washington 25, D. C.

13 August 1953.

MEMORANDUM FOR:

Federal Bureau of Investigation

ATTENTICE

SUBJECT

1. Subject was an applicant for a position in the Office of Strategic Services, but investigation was discontinued when interest in him was dropped.

He was formerly connected with the American Youth Congress. He has been invited to several luncheons by Ers. Franklin Roos alt. She had a great influence over him. She helped stabilize him.

"He came back whifted, after having visited when at the White House."

3. The above is furnished for your information.
FOR THE DIRECTOR OF CENTRAL INTELLICENCE:

Director of Security

Attachment: PHS

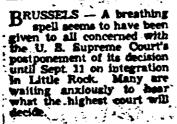
THIS INFORMATION IS NOT TO BE DISSEMINATED OUTSIDE OF YOUR BUREAU.

Jegregation 232 Cultin & Lord

a coming



## Faubus Seems to Lack Scruples



Of course, we all hope for leadership from President Eisenhower to prevent violence in Arkansas. But he is dealing with a gentleman in Gov. Ovval Faubus who seems to have no scruples about what he does.

Gov. Paubus seems to be interested only in his own future, and he is playing a dangerous game in inciting his people to stand against the law of the land. But the President can exert greater leadership than the governor, and even tho the governor has been ampowered by his state legislature to shut-down schools to prevent integration one hoose that the Arkansans will realize that the closed schools will hurt more white children than colored children.

¶ Dr. Haemel

Manifest in mentalem.

statement of Dr. Josef Haemel, former rector of Jena University in East Germany, who recently fled to West Berlin.

It is most pathetic to learn that the unhearable communist demands to convert the university into a pelitical institution had obliged this 62-year-old medical doctor to leave his post and start life answ somewhere else. One can understand what a difficult decision his had been. When the realizes the attachment a professor has to the university he has presided der for some time, one can believe at the courageously he has met it.

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Wash. Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Journal
American
N. Y. Mirrot
N. Y. Daily News
N. Y. Times
Daily Worker
The Worker
New Leader

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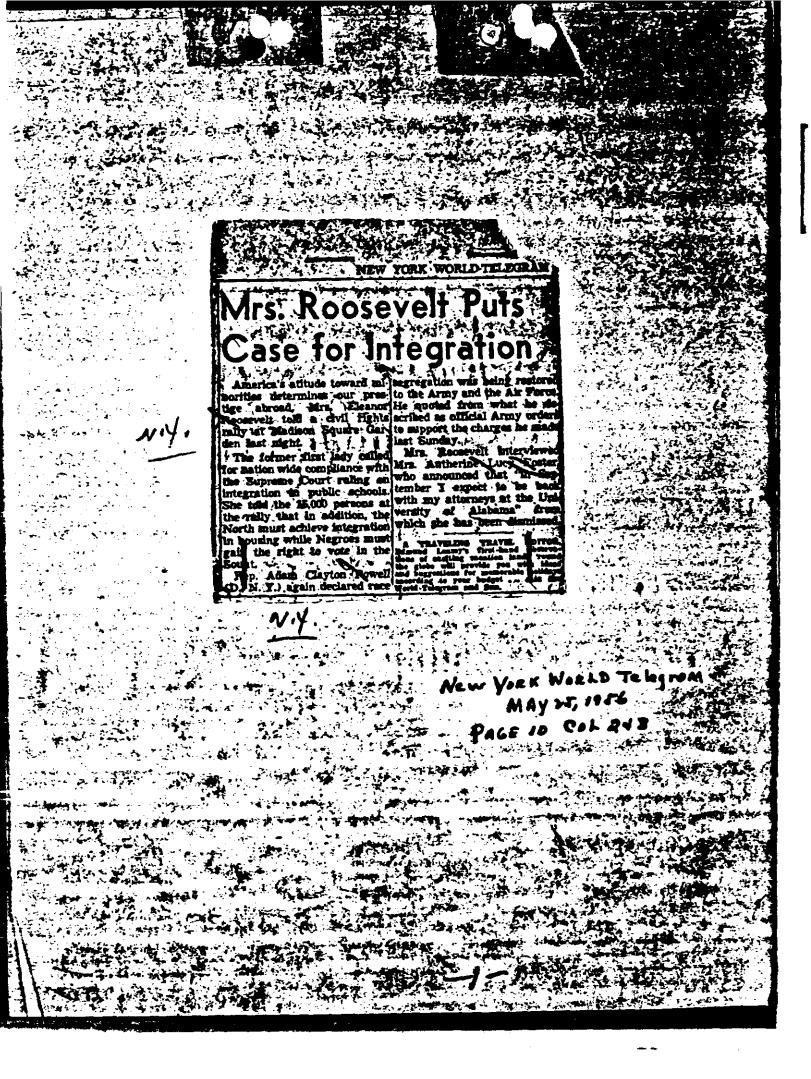
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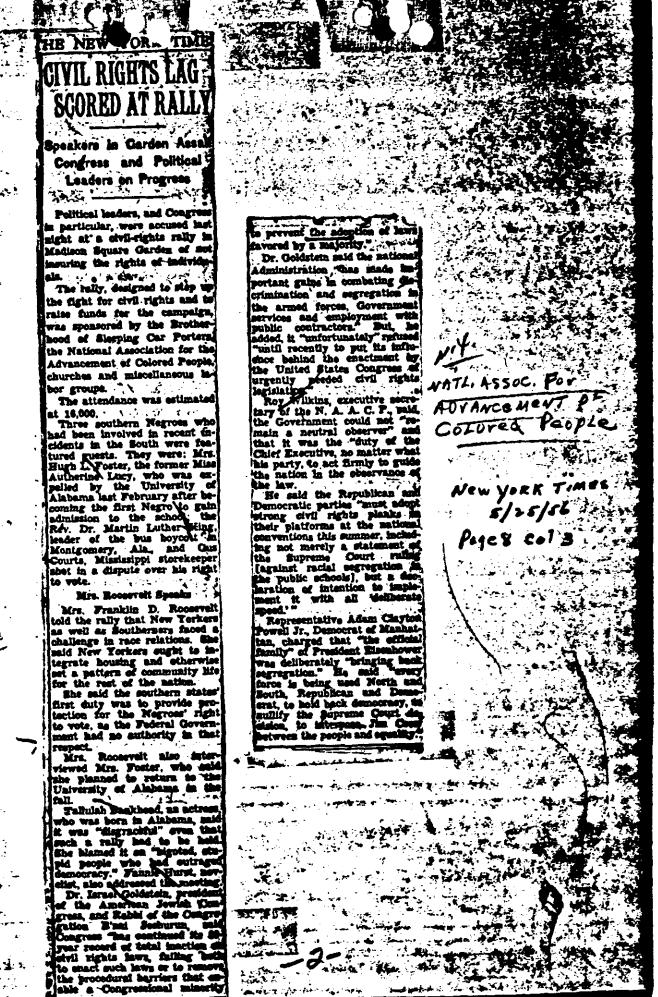
From SAC. WEW YORK A SEC. 19 15

BURRAU

CITY-WIDE MADISON SQUARE GARDEN CIVIL RIGHTS RALLY

Instant rally was held as planned on the night of 5/24/56 at Madison Equare Garden, MYC; Speakers appeared to as announced in press releases. Attendance estimated at 16,000. No evidence of CP influence or control present at the rally. MY newspaper accounts of rally enclosed for information to the Bureau.







Rep. Adam Clayton Found (D.-N. Y.) charged the Army with restoring segregation in a speech last night in Madison Square Garden at a civil rights rally.

The rally was sponsored joint-

ly by the Brosberhood of Sleepin Car Porters and the National Assn. for the Advancement of Colored People.

Powel Idirected his attack of esident Eisenhower. He sald he had "documented evidence" that "the official family an intimate friends of Preside Eisenhower are deliberately bringing back segregation.

Authorine Lacy, expelled versity of Alabama Negro dent, another speaker, i

Martin Lather King who I bus beyoot! In Monteo

New York Journal-Ame

According to Hiss BENTANIN plans to be a candidate for the United States House of Representatives from New York State subsequent to obtaining her Ph.D. degree.

She alleges to be a close personal friend of Mrs. WANKLIN DELABO ROOSEVELT and her son. Congressman JAMES ROOSEVELT, Map, Will support her candidacy.

-3-

6/14 -23/60 6/28/60 ST. LOUIS ST. LOUIS Leport code by TITLE OF CAME CHARACTER OF CASE COMMITTEE OF THE PEOPLE OF ST. LOUIS DEDGLOX dated 12/15/59 St. Louis report of SA

14

It was also announced in connection with the MACK CHARLES PARKER Case that the State Committee of the CP of Missouri be responsible for putting out some additional upto-date literature on the MACK CHARLES PARKER Case, or at least some more recent reprints on the PARKER Case from "The Worker." Additional advised that

BL

would donate the printing of such leaflets if the State Committee of the CP of Missouri would write up this leaflet or give permission to use reprints from "The Worker."

advised that the state of the felt the Party was in error advised that the state of the felt the Party was in error in not having distributed some petitions on the PARKER Case on the occasion of Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT giving a speech the occasion of Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT giving a speech in St. Louis on December 10, 1959.

14

### Teacher Quotes Magazine Mrs. Roosevelt Never 'Cite By Red Probers, Official Says

By SEN H. BAGDIKIAN

Washington-The spublic aserthon in tweek by a Providence schoolteacher that Mrs. Frankin De toosevelt had been cited of times by the House em-American activities committee brought a puzzled reaction from the professional director the committee.

Frank S. Tavenner, staff disector of the committee, said: I don't know anything of that nature whatever and I have been here 12 years."

The schoolteacher, Robert E. McMillan, an instructor sand peach at Hope High School, had laked for five minutes to exlain "the other side" at an American Civil Liberties Unon public meeting in Faunce House at Brown University. It vas there that he made the statement about Mrs. Roose-

pelt.
Auter he said he heard the statement on an Mem in a plumn in the magazine Ameri-an Mercury that he had ought on a hewsetand and moted this paragraph, which is said was the complete rairence to Mrs. Rocsevelt:

"In Appendix IX, House comtittee on un-American activihes, published during FDR's adninistration, named were several bundred subversives who ere giving aid and comfort to he Communist effort to destroy he U.S. and the American way f Bije. Cited 56 times for subreraive activities was Mrs. Elesnor Roosevelt. (This is part explains Jimmy Rocerelt's vioent attack so this great conpressional committee.)"

Mr. McMillen said that the chagazine might have used the svord "cite" housely, but he addof that as a student of bommatium for many years he he aformation that diese-Rosse mit in a long, long record of four threshold countries to Com-

Mercets of the House mittee contain voluminous bestimony by persons who have made a variety of charges, but Mr. Tavenner said that he had no knowledge of the committee ever "citing" Mrs. Rossevert,

Never Legally Cited

He said Mrs. Roosevelt has never been cited in the legal series that the committee has cited some witnesses for contempt of Congress because they refused to answer questions. He said further that the committee does not "cite" or list persons in any formal manner as being subversives, although it does do so with organizations.

A possible explanation of the string of Mrs. Roosevelt's name is that each time a person's name is mentioned in committee hearings or appears n a document submitted to the committee, that pame is placed in the index of the hear ings. These annual indexes and appendices for each year were combined in two cumulative indown, one from the first year of the committee in 1938 shrough 1954, and the other provering the years 1955 and

Mrs. Receivelt appears fruity times in both these cumulative indexes, fact, if these are the asis of the magazine's and Mr. McMillen's assertion that she res "cited," then 56 or 57 are too small. Such index referdue to her in committee prosedings and documents for the se years from 1938 to 2556

Such mention in the proceed lags does not necessarily w the nerson is "cited" as authors give. It means the person's near

INT.

Boston American, Boston, Mass. Boston Globe, Boston, Mass. Boston Herald, Boston, Mass. Boston Traveler, Boston, Mass. Christian Science Monitor,

Boston, Mass. Daily Record, Boston, Mass.

PROVIDENCE JOURNAL, Prov.R.I.

3/2/61 Date: Edition: 🏔

Author: BEN H. BAGDIKIAN

Baitor: SEVELLON BROWN, III

Title: House UnAmerican Activities Comm.

Class. or Character:

Page:

Bufile No. Submitting Office: Boston

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EX 104

See Pase

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ident Roservelt, 355 former vice "citations" M. Wire Associ Association Roosevalt in the index of the ment of Colored House committee include ac a representative of the cusations by suspected Com-al Conference of Christians numique that she is a "lastist," Jews. We knee a party complaint by a woman if the Mr. Estes Kafanver attended recipes published 'by 'alirs, to help thake some mostly." Roosevelt's daughter, and the As a result each person me fact that a group sent her attioned in the above testimony telegram stille she was first is "cited" in the index. The fady. In all cases, she is "cited" oragnization has been called a in the index because her name Communist front group by the appears on the record. In some House committee on am-Ameri instances her name appears because ane belonged to or was general has not listed it. friendly with organizations ... Mure's Testimony

index states:

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been mentioned in connection Roosevelt." with testimony or a report submitted."

Examples of "Ottations"

the committee in the 84th Con-ported that a group suspected gress was the even-page report of communism she had investiof the organization, the Ameri-gated called the United States committee for the Protect a fascist state about to engage the of Foreign Born, for the upon an imperialist war. Many year 1947. The committee's of the group particularly symptotostat shows this annual retioned the President and Mr. Dies as foreign the Truman to admit ing the three chief fascists in 100,000 Jewish displaced per the United States." Mr. Martin Bons was signed by 75 promittee was then the chairman of the Mr. House committee and mr. Connell, Dashiell Hammett, and the Rt. and Mr. Dies were a

terney general listed the committee it placed on the mittee as a subversive organization. The committee protested tyneswritten decument in man and some of its members, which actuded at the third Rep. letter to me a Mrs. Roose Roosevelt, Roger Baldwin, Rep. sharp rebuke to Mrs. Roose Emanuel Caller, Prof. John on account of an writtle will be the feet. John Mrs. Dahl, the daughter of I Saynes Holmes, said that the isting by the attorney general hid not specify at what period a dts blatory he thought the croup came under Communist Another "citation" of Mrs.

conevelt was in 1958 testimony fore the committee by actra en Mich. who, when so by the joined an organization Rhera Conference Minen Mediare, and the

that the House committee on In 1941 the House committee un-American activities consid-put on the stand a surse who it ared subversive or Communist said had wide experience has front.

A preface to the committee un-American activities," and in her testimony the woman, Miss The fact that a name ap Hazel Huffman, said she atpears in this index is not per set tended a meeting of a group in an indication of a record of which the speaker reported subversive activities. It simply "that the women's succliary of indicates that said individual, the National Maritime Union publication, or organization has was sending a talegram to Mrs.

This is one of the 68 "citations '

On another occasion before Checking the 68 "citations at World War II, the committee random brought these exam-introduced one of its investi-Bubmitted to the record of woman, Mary Spargo, who rean Committee for the Protec, "a fascist state about to engage ent Americans "including Mrs. the House committee on un-Eleanor Roosevelt, Thornton American activities. This is one Wilder, Bishop Francis J. Mc. of the 68 "citations" of Elizabeth Bergner, Roosevelt. President Roosevelt.

Rev. John M. Cooper."

At another hearing of committee it placed on session of the committee is actuded at the time Mrs letter to Mrs. Rossevult, a

### MEMORABUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

### ME: AMERICAN YOUTH CONGRESS

On May 31, 1939 Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt directed the following letter to the Bureau:

Dear Mr. Boovers

I have been told that you have some information on the American Youth Congress, either recently or taken some time ago, which would indicate a number of people are either Communists or Fascists. I would be extremely grateful for any information which you can give me on the subject.

Very sincerely yours,

/s/ Eleanor Roosevelt."

In keeping with Mrs. Roosevelt's request the Bureau prepared a memorandum, dated June 8, 1939, concerning the American Youth Congress and by letter of the same date transmitted one copy of the memorandum to Ers. Roosevelt, a copy of which memorandum is attached bereto.

After receiving this senorandum and the Bareau's letter of Inly 8, 1939, Mrs. Roosevelt directed a letter to the Bureau dated June 15, 1939, which is quoted berevith as follows:

Dear Mr. Boover:

Lag very glad to see the records on the Iguth ... Of the Congress. Billian Minckley is no longer the chairman. Joe Cadden is now the chairman, but they shange every 15 your and there will be a new one this year.

U. S. DEPARAL

v.Of sourse, all these things which are said by Communist leaders, and the fact that they claim this erganisation and others to be Communistic, seems to me



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just so much nonsense. If their members choose to work for things which we in this country are been to see done, that is very pleasing, but I hardly think it is such of a gain for the Communist cause except insofar as Communism may be changing to good Democracy!

For the rest, I see nothing wary terrifying in the report. Here and there they have stood apparently for one or two rather radical things, but many of these things are either rejected or they are changed in their latest declarations, and new ones will be made at their Congress in July. For instance, they no longer support total disarmament.

It always assumes me to see young people's organizations treated as though they were already mature and settled. I am glad, however, to have this information as it shows me the type of fact which has been used to substantiate the Roman Catholic attitude that this organimation is Communist controlled.

### Very sincerely yours,

/s/ Eleanor Roosevelt.\*

A new memorandum on the American Touth Congress, dated July 24, 1939, has now been prepared, which includes all of that information on the American Touth Congress in the memorandum of June 8, 1939. In addition thereto, the memorandum of July 24, 1939, has brought up to date that memorandum rendered on June 8, 1939. A copy of the memorandum of July 24, 1939, is attached hereto.

On July 20, 1939, The submitted the following senorendan concerning an interview between Special Agent The Special Agent Roosevelt:

quite some time yesterday afternoon. During the time he was with her he stated that Mrs. Roosevelt, to make conversation, inquired how he liked his work. He told her he liked the work fine and Mrs. Roosevelt then said she had a very high respect for the FBI,

that there was only one thing she was a little bit concerned about and that was she felt we might be inclined to think there are Communists under every 'bed.' She went on to relate to Minimum she had requested you to furnish her a report on the National Youth Conference and said that this report contained nothing to show that the 'Youths' were engaged in Communistic activities with the exception of what some people had said about them. She mentioned particularly Mr. Green of the American Federation of Labor as having said the Youth Congress was a Communistic organisation. Minimum said it was quite apparent she did not care for Mr. Green.

the FBI were for the most part legally trained and college graduates and that their investigations were conducted impartially. The second further told Mrs. Roosevelt that the Agents had no feelings on any of the matters and merely reported the information which came to them without any bias or prejudice whatever. The purpose of carrying on a conversation than anything class and she was not critical but was merely talking; that after he told her how the investigations were made an appeared to understand. However, it was thought you would perhaps want to know of her remarks concerning the report on the Mational Youth Conference, as you may want to explain to her how the Bureau's investigation in such matters is conducted.

Respectfully,

R. A. Thom.

Enclosure

Mrs. Francis Delane Recevelt The White House Baskington, D. C.

My dear Mrs. Recovelt:

In apparatuse with the request contained in your letter dated May 31, 1939, I am pleased to inclose the attached memorandum setting forth information concerning the American Youth Congress.

I wast you to know that it is indeed a pleasure for me to be able to make svallable to you the data contained in this memorandum.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

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### XAPPRICAL TOUTH CHICARA

The ineffect Torth Congress is compaced of affiliated organizations in ferty-serve states. It is a permisent federation of 1,007 youth argumentions representing 1,600,000 persons between the ages of 16 and 30.

The Retional Sountil of the American Touth Congress has its mendguarters at 95 West Aind Street, New York City. William Reliables is its Chairman.

The Congress was formed originally by Viela Illes, for Found intellectual, spiritual, and physical development of the youth of America. The first mooting was hold in August of 1914 at the Austington Square College in New York City.

Professor Marry Debugh of the Socialogy Department of Fashington Square College, See York City, who is the summer of 1935 served on the acrisory Council of Messow State University, became ired at Mine Illus for balding liberal and redictly organizations down to a minimum representation. Professor Serbanch invited traive organizations to participate in the conference, including the mitra-radical and participate groups, the pages for Industrial Demograpy (Serialist) Sectional Statement Tederation, Riemeer Youth (Sectionalist), Not Resisters' League (mitra-radical pacificies), Young Communist League and the Sound People's Socialist League.

These eggestion—I ofgeniestions held a conference prior to the Congress and formed a "united front." This "united front" was led, in part, by Gillpress, Sational Secretary of the Young Commist Laugue, and as instructor in the Merkers' School of Sep York City in 1931, Sational Recretary of the Totals in 1933, on arrangements committee of V. S. Congress against Mar in 1933, and a namber of the Sational Executive Connittee of the Aurieum Lougue against Mar and Famoism in 1935. In 1935 Green made a report of the Touth Sevenent in the United System to the Committee in Mercey. Green was promoted by Massaulter for the She Committee in Moneyer. Green was promoted by Massaulter for the She Committee in Moneyer.

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Presiding Constitute of the Third (Communist) International for the above and other "united front" successes in the United . States.

At the conclusion of the Congress, two groups had emerged - the American Esuth Congress, under the direction of the Communists, and the American Fouth Congress, Inc., under Miss Illum.

Shortly after the final session of the Congress, the "New Masses," a Communist cultural publication, carried an article stating: "For the first time since the Social Execus from the American League Against War and Passism, Communists and Socialists are together again."

Aided and abstract by Young Communists, the Congress continued to grow. On May 30, 1935, demonstrations against war, under the auspises of the Youth Congress, were held in all large cities.

From July 4 to July 7, 1935, the American Youth Congress held its second sonference at Detroit, police were called and Reverend Gordon McWhirter of the Pacific Unitarian School was arrested. The effense for which arrested and the disposition of this arrest are not available.

### **GRJECTIVES**

The platform of the American Touth Congress is contained in the "Declaration of the Rights of American Touth," adopted at its second Youth Congress held in Detroit, July 4, 1935.

- 1. We declare that our generation is rightfully entitled to a meeful, ereative, and happy life, the guarantees of which ares full security in time of meed, full educational epertunities, steady employment at adequate mages, civil rights and peace."
  - 2. The maintenance and extension of rights of free speech, press, and assemblage: "We are determined to realise in actuality the ideals of a free America.

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We demand not only the maintenance but the extension of our elementary rights of free speech, press, and assemblage."

- 3. Oppose company unions: "He oppose company unions and affirm the right of workers to join labor unions of their own choosing in order to advance their economic interests."
- 4. Oppose Passism: "We strongly eppose Passism, with its accompanying demagogy, as a complete megation of our right to liberty."
- 5. Advocate unemployment and social insurance: "We urge a system of unemployment and social insurance as an immediate improvement in the condition of unemployed youth, and we affirm our right to be employed on all relief projects at equal wages for equal work."
- 6. Education without discrimination: "We consider full academic freedom essential to progress and enlightenment. Our right to work, includes the right of proper preparation for work. Education must be available to everyone without discrimination, poor as well as rich, Segroes as well as white, through free scholarships and government aid to needy students. Our educational system should provide for vocational training at adequate wages, under trade union supervision."

The program of the organization as published in Avoice of Youth, official organ of the Young Communist League, District 13, May 15, 1935, is in part: To organize anti-war demonstrations (strikes); to support total disarmament proposals; to organize workers for strikes against manufacture and shipment of manitions and to work toward a general strike in event of war; to transfer all defense funds for recreational, educational and relief purposes; for the enactment of the Communist Workers' Unemployment and Social Ensurance Act; to abolish military training in schools and solleges and abandonment of military administration of CCC camps; for abolition of transient eases and vagrancy laws; for independent

purth to receive relief; for child labor loss guaranteeing state support to all children under 16 and abolition of youth below 16 to work; to organize the unorganized youth into unions in such industries as the narioe industries and modile trains, enough and agricultural; establishment of youth sections with such features as sports, socials, et estern; for repeal of estipisheding, erinized syndicalism and anti-hel laws; for free aposed on compasses; against laws infringing on meadenic freedom; for relief for stadents, but lumbers and earfare; a compaign against political, economic or social discrimination against negroes, Griestals, Pilipines or Musicans; for unconditional freedom of Philippines and Outs; against lynching, anti-labor bills; for freedom of Southabore bays and Angole Serudom.

"The present economic system offers no solution to our problems; home form of cooperative conscionable with production for use instead of profit is necessary," may the report. To accomplish this the program advocator a united frunt on the political field with such groups as here the seas lessings.

deent the afficers alcoted at the 1935 seesion was Halde Bellett, Chairman. He was also national chairmen of the First Sational Youth Congress, and added Pedical leaders in aplitting the First American Touth Congress. Melett was a member of the secretarial staff of the American Longue for Peace and Democracy, a Communist, Socialist and pacifist "emited front," and is also a member of the Booky Sountain I. H. S. A. The American Longue Against for and Passiss officially should at its Pourth Congress hald in Pitteburgh, Pennsylvania, on Mercaber 26 and 37, 1937, to the American Langue for Peace and Dencerony. Moure Strong was elected First Fice Chairma. He was a member of the thices Executive Committee of the League for Peace and Denougacy. X Gil Green, of the Bird (Communist) international; Secophylast, & member of the Executive Consistes of the Association of Manupleyed Bollogo Almeni and Professional Papple, the Bollogo division of the Socialist Longue for Industrial Demonstry, executive committee of the Ser Tork Chapter of the L. I. D., and associate editor of "Student Advocate"; and fame Lierner, contributing editor of "Now Planeer", and a Communist condidate for Assembly of Class County and was a member of the secretarial staff of the American Langue for People and Descereey, were also appointed officers.

In speaking before the Cominters Congress in Sectomber, 1935, Gil Green continually referred to the American Youth Congress,

showing how a "maited front" had been organized with a membership papercenting ever one million youth. Spenking of the first Sungress, Green said: "To defeated the energy and burned the Footh Congress Sale a broad, united front."

The Third Congress was bald at Gioveisne, this, on July 3, 4 and 5, 1936, at which time Willem W. Blacking was chosen Sational Chairens.

The magazine entitled "The Generalist" published by the Mational Countition of the Communist Party of America, for November, 1936, carries on article entitled "The Crisis in the Socialist Party" written by William L. Poster. In this article he points out, briefly, the interest which the Generalist Party has in various organisations. He is quoted as follows: "Nore I can auction only a few of the Communist Party's chief current estivities: At the present time it has mobilized the support of the Verters Tampleyment Insurance Mill. It is playing an important part in the American Youth Congress, which at its outvestion in Cleveland, July 3, 1936, had 1,430 delegates representing a membership of 1,700,000."

The American Touth Congress spensored the Konth Pilgrimage to Washington, effective Petronzy 19, 20, 21, and 2., 1937,
The purpose of this march has to encourage the passage of the
American Touth Apt, which was introduced in the Congress by
Senator Elmer A./Smeson of Minnesota and Congression Thomas R.
Antic of Viscousia. The proposed Act called for the ap; reprintien
of \$500,000,000 to earry out the progress of the American Youth
Congress. Several thousand persons deswarged on Rachington of
that time and established their headquarters at Boon 611, Setional
Press Building, Verbington, B. G. Several members of the aggregation staged a git-dom strike near the Thite House, as a result
of which arrests construed.

. The Pourth confurence of the American South Congress was hald in Misseshee, Misseshie, on July 7, 1937. At this time the Congress resolved Steelf into a Model Congress was complete with two logislative houses and joint Congressional consistence. A final

joint possion of both bodies was likevise bald,

At its Tenth Convention in May, 1938, at Now York City, the Communist Party resolved:

The rele of the Party as the vanguard and organiser of the masses, working systematically for winning a loading position, wast be effectively strengthened. In this connection, far more attention will be devoted by the Mational Committee and state committees to inproving the political quality of the daily work and ergenisational activities of Party members in the trade Whichs (A. P. of L. as well as C. I. O.), in the American League for Peace and Democracy, the Workers Alliance, American Touth Congress, Mational Megro Congress, in the farm, cultural, religious, professional and other organizations, and in the mass organizations of the mational groups. In order to contribute more affectively to the building and consolidation of these organisations and movements, and to win the complete trust and confidence of the progressive leaders and all members of these organisations, the Party members in these erganizations must more consistently assume their share of all the responsibilities involved in building and promoting these erganisations,\*

In addressing the Tenth Convention of the Communist Party, U.S.A., in New York City on May 26, 1936, Rary Browler, the General Secretary of the Communist Party of America, Collared:

The building of the democratic front of the majority of the people sannot proceed according to a blue-print, no matter who draws it. It must find room to accommedate the widest variety of initiative and organisation, and make all of them contribute to the common goal. The Democratic New Beal wing, the progressive Republicans, the Farmer-Labor Party of Minnesota, the Progressive Party of Wisconsin, the Commonwealth Pederation of Washington, the American Labor Party, Labor's Hom-Partisan League, the A. P. of L. and U.I.O. trade unions, the American League for Peace and Democracy, the Mational Megro Congress, the American Youth Congress, fraternal organizations, farmers' organizations, the Communist Party - all, all, have consthing vital to

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"contribute to the building of the democratic front, and all must in some way be brought into effective collaboration."

Browder further declared at the Tenth Convention:

The tasks of building the democratic front, and pressinging its progres, are found most concretely and pressingly in the mass organisations, embracing many millions of members. Each of these organisations has its own special tasks, for the more effective performance of which Communists must strive. Therefore, it is especially the work of the Communists within the mass organisations that must be re-examined and improved, politically and organisationally.

Our Party members are to be found in the widest variety of mass organisations. In the trade unions of the A. F. of L., the C.I.O., and the Bailroad Brotherhoods, they are at work; in the American League for Peace and Democracy; the Workers Alliance; the American Youth Congress; the various organisations of World War veterans; the Batismal Megro Congress; in the farm, sultural, fraternal, religious, professional, and other organisations, and in those of the matismal groups.

We set as the aim of all Communists in the mass organisations to contribute more effectively to their work, to building and consolidating them and preserving their unity against all disruptive elements. We set as our aim to win the complete trust and confidence of the progressive leaders and all members of these organisations. We call upon the Communists to assume more consistently their share of all the responsibilities involved in building and premoting these organisations. Spon the basis of such modest and emergetic work, we expect all Communists to broaden their connections among the members, to win them to support of the progrem and organisation of the democratic front of the majority of the people, and to win their most advanced representatives to membership in the Communist Party.

Er, J. B. Natthews, who described kinealf as a "ferner Gommaist falls" travaler," told the House Committee on an-American Activities on August 20, 1938, that he halped run more than a score of Stalinist front organisations between 19% and 1935.

So mand as Communist organizations, actually directed from Moseov, the American Youth Congress, the unemployed councils, the American League for Peace and Desocracy, The Priords of Soviet Russia, The International Labor Defence and The League of Novem Phoppers. So said it was the aim of the Communist Party, through these and similar organizations, to empture control of a united front against conservation in the Paited States.

Matthews said many of the spensors of these organizations are non-Commists who are not aware they are "dupos of the Gommists." To illustrate he submitted a list of spensors of the American Youth Congress, which he called a typical front organization: Representative Thomas R. Amis of "isomein, Marry Elmer Parmes of the Seripp-Howard newspapers, Dorothi Dunbar Broaky of the New York Poet, William Allem Phito of the Emperia Gasette, Senator Lymb Pranter of Borth Dukota, former Severnor Marold G. Wioffman of New Jarsey, President Henry Roble McCracken of Vassar Gollege, Bishop Ralph Cushman of the Methodist Changle, Governor Elmer Bonson of Himsesota and Secretary Mary Fox of League of Industrial Democracy.

The following information is taken from page two of the Gatholic News for August 20, 1936:

The capture of the American youth movement by the Communists is in line with the instructions laid down by Georgy Pinitrov, head of the Communist International in his greeting to the Young Communist International Congress at Header when he said:

\*Gourades, you remember the ancient tale of the engine of Tray. Tray was inaccessible to the armies attacking bor, thanks to the imprognable walls. And the attacking army after suffering many secrifices was usable to achieve victory until, with the aid of the funcus Trajan Heroe it managed to penetrate to the very heart of the energy's scap.

では、これで、大学を子が見るのです。 は、日本のでは

The entire enti-fascist youth is interested in uniting and organising its forces. Therefore, you, Conredee, wast find such ways, such forms and methods of "wast" as will assure the formation in the capitalist countries, of a new type of mass youth organisation, to which me wital interest of the toiling youth will be alien; organisations which without co, ying the Communist Party, will fight for all the interests of the youth, will bring up the youth in the spirit of the class struggles, of proletarian interrationalism, in the spirit of Marxiso-Leminism.

The Isung Communist Leagues must strive in every way to unite the forces of all the men-fascist mass youth organizations to the point of forming various kinds of joint organizations for the fight against fascism - for drawing these young workers to the side of the "enti-fascists" front, no matter where they are to be found.

The Congress states that the Loung Communist International will give every possible support to the youth novement against fascism and war in any country. The Young Communist International will also give active support to the movement directed toward the organisation of a World West (World Youth Congress to be held in New York) and the establishment of the constant interrational collaboration among progressive youth.

The American Youth Congress has held four important sessions during the past four years and in each ease reports were cent to the World International Congress telling of the progress that Communism is making among the youth of this country. Thus, Gilbert Green, of the Young Communist League of America, reported to the Seventh World Congress of the Communist International in Moscow.

The found (in the Youth Congress) many youth who were ready to sooperate with us against our and Fascism, but who are not yet ready to demonstrate in the streets. That does not mean that we must have less street actions of the youth, but it does mean that we must also halp develop those forms and methods of struggle that these wide masses, due to customs and habit, can accent as their own, and gradually lead them to more developed actions and more militant struggles.

\*Gourade Dimitrov has in the sharpest manner placed before; the Young Genemist League the need for penetrating these erganisations (large mass youth organisations controlled or influenced by the bourgeoise). However, it is necessary to understand how the Young Genemist Leagues are to work in these organisations so as to avoid past errors. Our Young Genemist Leagues must enter these organisations not with the purpose of destroying or weakening them but to work to transform them from centers of bourgeois influence into centers for united-front struggle, of proletarian influence."

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

May 51, 1939

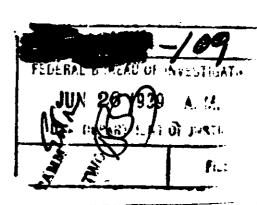
Dear Mr. Hoover:

I have been told that you have so information on the American Youth Congress, either recently or taken some time ago, which would indicate a number of people are either Communists or Fascists. I would be extremely grateful for any information which you can give me on the subject.

Very sincerely yours,

- Chaus Coolante Eleanot Xposevell

COPIES DESTROYED MAY 11 1961 RECORDED INDEXED.



# TO LIVE CONTIN

OR

### TO DIE

The H-Bomb Versus Mankind

Public Statements by

ALBERT SCHWEITZER

Albert Einstein

Eleanor Roosevelt

Walter Reuther

Nobusuko Kishi

Linus Pauling

Pope Pius XII

Bertrand Russell

EugenetDennis

F. Joliot-Gurie

Adla, Stevenson

and Others

with a Foreword by W. E. B. DU BOIS

### Eleanor Roosevelt

". . . The question is whether we could not accept the offer which, if I remember rightly, already has been made by the Soviet Union to abandon these tests.

"So far we have known whenever the Soviet has set off hydrogen bomb explosions. They are like an earthquake; they register all over the world. . . . I would be willing to take

the small risk involved in not having an inspection system.
"... It requires the experience the Japanese have had to make people feel strongly about doing something—and doing it now—to end nuclear bomb tests, which may be harming us far more than we know."

### Dr. Linus Pauling Nobel Prize Winner

"An international agreement to stop the tests would stop the spread of these weapons and would be a first step toward general disarmament. Inspection is simple. No large bomb can be detonated without detection. . . .

The bomb tests that have been made so far will ultimately have caused the deaths of about one million persons in the world. These one million persons will have died 10 or 20 or 30 years earlier than their life span because the radiation has produced bone cancer, leukemia or some other disease.

These bomb tests will also cause the birth of 200,000 seriously defective children in the next generation of human beings, children with serious mental deficiency or serious

physical defects.

"If the Christmas Island tests are carried out and one superbomb, with five megatons equivalent of fission, is exploded, it will cause the deaths from cancer and other diseases of 100,000 persons now in the world and will increase by 20,000 the number of seriously defective children born in the next generation.

TOLL CALLS TO

PRIVATE PHONE

Legal Agent advised SA
on February 18, 1958, that the private phone installed
in the apartment of on October 11, 1957
had not been charged with any toll calls from its. date
of installment to that date.

T-1 advised on February 27, 1958, that had a gathering of approximately 12 or 14 people

MA

in her apartment the evening of February 21, 1958, and that one of the members of this gathering was

who remained that evening as a guest at the Hotel Marcy.

The informant continued that received the following correspondence on the dates indicated:

\*\*rebruary 15, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 19, 1958

February 20, 1958

February 21, 1958

Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT, 245 East 46th Street, New York City A.A.

### Office Memorandum . UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DIFFICIOE., FEI

DATE: AFFE 20, 1955

SUBJECT:

Lisison Representative Saleture, <u>Aus</u>tria

Espionage - R

Permad 3/21/55.

On March 22, 1955, according to information received by G-2, U. S. Forces in Austria on April 14, 1955, EVA GENERALISMI was interviewed by Captain R. A. George, Vienna Command. George's memorandum covering that interview is set forth as follows:

PLAND OF CONTERSATION

\*PARTICIPANTS: Capt, . . George (VIAC) GRIPPEISE: aka Eva Frant (Girlfriend of Alfred Sokolowski)

"This woman believes that although Sokolowski had many girlfriends, he had no serious intentions toward any except herself. She most emphatically states that it is out of the question that Sokolowski was employed as a Soviet agent. Concerning the Soviet allegations that he was a spy or war criminal in the Soviet sense, she did not deny these possibilities.

\*GRIDEISE: departed for the United States on one of her usual visits approximately November 15, 1954. During Sokolowski's State Department-sponsored visit to the U. S. he had been given a letter of introduction to Ers. Franklin D. Roosevelt by Mayor Jones. GREMEISEN had met Lirs. Roosevelt and a Lirs Leach (or Lech) through Sokolowski. Upon hearing of Sokolowski's arrest while in America, GRIPIEISE contacted Mrs. Roosevelt and asked her assistance in this matter. Mrs. Roosevelt, while sympathetic, stated that she would intervene only with the concurrance of Mayor Jonas. Two days after the incident GRELINISH wrote Mayor Jonas on this chestion, and she received his reply a week later to the effect that while she meant well, no action should be initiated. GRITEISEN stated that the Layor's letter was "cold and formal".

WORLTHISE was told by the Austrian Consulate in New York not Tto return to Austria, but during the middle of February she was told she could proceed as far as Salzburg. She went, however, to Kitzbuehel (Tyrol) and spent a week there. GRIMEISM has been in Vienna for approximately four (4) weeks, where she has been in constant touch with Dr. Feterlunger.

CAM-mal

65 MAY 12 1955

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Letter to Director

The following information indicates subject's ability to ingratiate herself with persons of prominence.

### Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT

, Security Exchange Commission, advised that in connection with a dinner held at the White House, Washington, D. C. on March 18, 1941, an acquaintance informed him that the list of suggested guests was submitted to Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT by VIOLA ILMA.

VIOLA ILMA repays contributions to her youth movement by getting them such invitations and SERGE RUBENSTEIN, well-known financier, who has since been convicted of draft-dodging, had contributed heavily to VIOLA ILMA's organisation in order to get such invitations. The above dinner on March 18, 1941 was given by Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT for "Leaders in Young Men's Vocational Foundation of New York and its Executive President, Miss VIOLA ILMA."

Files of the "New York Times" reflect that on March 19, 1941, an article relates how VIOLA ILMA was entertained at a White House dinner given by Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT, for leaders of the Young Men's Vocational Foundation.

in his statement dated 6/27/52, advised that he and the subject were guests of Mr. and Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO ROOSEVELT at the White House, Washington, D. C., for three days and three nights in early May, 1943.

The Attorney General

December 22, 1955

Director, FEI

PROSECUTION OF CONTUREST "ARTY FUNCTIONARIES BELB: THE SMITE ACT

I thought you might be interested in the attached article entitled yours. FUR And 41 Others Call For Annesty, Ealt Smith Act Trials" which appeared in the "Daily Borker" of December 21, 1955.

This article reflects that a petition for a "Christmas Amnesty" for Communist Party leaders convicted under the Smith Act "commuting the sentence of 16 men and women now in prison to time already served" and a plea for postponement of trial in the more than 100 cases now pending either in trial courts or appeals courts, have been sent to President Stanhower at Settyaburg by a number of well-known citizens. The article lists the 41 individuals, in addition to Pres. Franklin Delane/Receivelt, who signed the petition.

INDEXED 15

# Ars. FDR and 41 Others Call for Amnesty, Halt Smith Act Trials



MUMFORD



MKS. FDN



THOMAS

MARKE

Wash. Post and Times Herald

Wash. News

Wash, Star

Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

Daily Worker

The Worker \_\_\_\_\_

Date DEC 2 1 195

12/22/55

14273

A petition for a "Christmas emnesty" for Communist Party. leaders convicted under the Smith Act "commuting the sentence of 16 men and women now in prison to time already served," and a plea for post-ponement of trial in the more than 100 cases now pending either in trial courts or appeals courts, have been sent to President Eisenhower at Gettysburg by a number of well-known citizens.

Signers include: Mrs. Elecnor Roosevelt; Dean John C. Bennett of Union Theological Seminary; Lewis Mumford; Norman Thomas Elmer Rice, playwright; Chaplain John M. Krumm of Columbia University; Stephen Cary, secretary of the American Section, American Friends Service Committee, Philadelphia; Henry Steele Commager, Columbia University, A. J. Muste and others.

The petitioners point out that they "are in fundamental disagreement with the philosophy of the communist Party and with essential elements in its program and are court of Appeals Court decisions tial elements in its program and are motivated in their present action by their attachment to the democratic way of life.".

The statement quotes the dissenting opinion of Justice Black when the conviction of the 11 top Communist Party leaders was before the Supreme Court to the effect that the defendants were not charged with "acts of any kind designed to overthrow the government" nor with "saying or writing anything "designed to accomplish that objective but only with the purpose to "use speech or newspapers in the future to teach and advocate the forcible overthrow of the government.

It is pointed out that recently the Supreme Court has agreed to consider review of the California convictions under the Smith Act. It is urged that an amnesty now would give proof of our con-Tidence in democratic institutions, and would contribute to world eace by encouraging and inspiring the friends of the United States and winning new ones.

The Matement said in part: We respectfully arge you to rant an amnesty commuting in

entence of the 16 men and women ow in prison under the mith let (klien Registration A 940) time already served, and o use your influence to secure the nuder the Act.

Those who present this petition are, in fundamental disagree ment with the philosophy of the Communist Party and with easen tial elements in its program and are motivated in their present action by their attachment to the democratic way of life and the desire to maintain and strengthen

We call attention to Supreme Court Justice Black's description of the character of the Smith Act and the trial of Communist Pasty leaders under it in his dissenting opinion.

Recently the Supreme Court itself by agreeing to review the California Smith Act prosecutions has recognized the appropriatenes

of a second look at the Act.
"Among the 16 for whom we are requesting a Christmas amnesty are elderly and ill persons The indictments and convictions in these cases were carried through in a period of the 'cold war' and in an atmosphere often marked by hysteria. Fortunately, in recent months conditions have changed for the better and there is a notice

ratic traditions of Signers acted

Church: 4

The Passport files also reflected that the Passport Office advised the subject on 5/31/49 that his application for renewal for Passport Number was being disapproved. The Passport files reflected that the subject had various people contact the Passport Office on his behalf, including Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANO TOOSEVELT, in an attempt to have the Passport Office renew his passport.

The subject told the informant that he recalled attending the Fifth All-Southern Negro Youth Congress held at Tuskegee, Alabama, from April 17, to April 22, 1942, at which he spoke to the Congress as a representative of the TWU. He stated that his recollection of this conference was very clear inasmuch as he sat on the platform next to Mrs. FRANKLIN DELANG ROOSEVELT, who also addressed the conference.

F - P 2-1

The Southern Negro Youth Congress has been cited by the Attorney General of the United States as being an organisation falling within the purview of Executive Order 10450.

It was reported that the Americans All rally held in Milwaukee on October 28, 1941, was a part of a National Americans All Week which was sponsored by Mrs. FRANKLIN ROOSEVELT and a number of others.

N. Y. TIMES

SEP 7 1956

FINLETTER JAD FUNIT FOR STAN ASON

Formation of the New York Committee for Stavenson and Kefauver was announced yesterday.

Thomas R. Finletter, former Air Force Secretary, and Mrs. Anna Rosenberg, former War Manpower Directer in the Truman Administration, will be cocchairmen of the organization. They previously headed the New York State Stevenson for President Committee.

Honorary chairmen will be Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, Senator Herbert H. Lehmen, former Postmaster General James A. Farley, Mrs. Fiorello LaGuardia and former Police Commissioner Francis W. H. Adams, Mrs. LaGuardia supported President Eisenhower in 1852.

The committee will seek support of nonorganizational Demoerats and independents for the election of Adlai E. Stevenson for President and Senator Estes Kefauver of Tennesse for Vice President, It will coordinate its work with the state Democratio and Liberal parties.

Other committee differs are: chairman of the executive committee. Cast Canfield, executive of the publishing concern of Harper & Bros.; treasurer, Sam Harris, New York lawyer; executive chairman, John J. B. Shea, lawyer and former president of the Lexington Democratic Club.

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**51** SEP 13 1956

FACTS YO

RAT COMMUNISM

REGISTERED IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE

29 BROADWAY, MEW YORK 6, MEW YORK

Vol. 9, No. 24

- 97 -

June 24, 1955

#### BASEBALL AND THE DAILY WORKER

Twice, recently, columns in the <u>Daily Worker</u> have expressed extreme annoyance with <u>Counterattack</u> for, of all things, its attitude toward coverage of baseball in the Communist press. Specifically, the columns take exception to this newsletter's editorial suggestion that in according the <u>Daily Worker</u>'s sports columnist the full privileges of locker room and club house, major league ball clubs were simply lending a hand to Communism's daily press in this country. The fact that <u>Daily Worker</u> sports coverage might be called one of the few "non-controversial" parts of the paper (although it actually isn't) makes the assist even more valuable inasmuch as sports coverage is one of the main things upon which the paper tries to sustain its myth of being "just" a newspaper.

"Slimy little blacklist sheet" run by "former FBI men out for a quick buck," is a sample of the kindnesses paid Counterattack in the Daily Worker criticism. Lester Roomey, the sports columnist in question, was the author of that particular bouquet. Rodney hastened to add that the New York Post echoed his wrath against Counterattack for objecting to Communist reporters receiving full accreditation from the baseball clubs. Now, with the baseball season in full swing, however, it is time again to risk this wrath.

This year, as in the past, Lester Rodney will be asked, along with other members of the Baseball Writers Association, to vote for those players he deems most worthy of going into the Baseball Hall of Fame. (In another sports balloting, incidentally, Rodney is one of the writers asked to vote in the United Press poll of basketball teams.)

And, this year, as in all his years in the Communist press, Rodney will liberally sprinkle his coverage of American sports with choice Communist line foul balls all over left field. He has ranted against baseball management as "jimcrow" and anti-Negro despite grudging admission of some progress. He has, in fact, turned practically every sporting event into an arena for displaying Communist-line race and class struggles.

His Olympic coverage is replete with praise for Soviet entries with emphasis on what Soviet athletics "prove". Currently, the line is that we can compete peacefully in sports so why not peacefully in all else. Rodney has not yet covered to any great extent the sporting activities of the Red Chinese in their massacres of American soldiers or of their current playful detention of American soldiers despite the Korean truce.

Before urging specific actions concerning Lester Rodney and Communist sports coverage, pertinent questions are in order. They are questions that

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A. E. Cullen, Vice-President; L. F. Budenz, Contributing Editor.

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mimeographed bulletin announcing that it is reprinting in full the Soviet disarmament proposals as placed before the United Nations, the 12-page, well-printed reprint itself (in pamphlet form), and an announcement of a Council discussion at the Cornish Arms Hotel in New York City. Guest speakers for the discussion, which is about coexistence, are listed as the Rev. William Howard-Melish, whose record of Communist Front affiliation is long and well known and Kumar-Goshal, touted recently in the Daily Worker as "a well known authority on colonialism."

The National Guardian. This weekly, vitriolic spreader of the Party line is the paper whose editor, Cedric Belfrage, was identified as a Soviet agent and is now under a deportation order. It also is the paper through which the Red Chinese, during the Korean war, released American prisoner of war lists which, in turn, were used to bring pressure against families of POWs for "peace" statements. In a letter to "friends" of the paper, it is revealed that "you have probably read between the lines (of published Guardian fund appeals) that our situation is more critical than we care to may in the columns of the paper."

The most critical part of the picture, the appeal explains, is a \$9,000 revolving debt to the printer of the paper. About the possibly significant extent of lawyers fees to fight the case of the paper's Soviet-aligned editor; there is not a single word.

A special reason for needing the money is explained as the job of "getting out a much-needed paper, which costs lots more than its 6 cents a week subscription price (but whose price must be kept) down to reach new readership cheaply and easily."

In return for support, the paper offers visions of great things to come, and quickly. "This summer ahead," the fund appeal states, "is the most promising one in years, for peace, for exposing and ending the informer racket, for getting back on the track of the New Deal."

New York Committee for Protection of Foreign Born. As a key segment of the nationwide Committee for Protection of Foreign Born, the New York group is trying to raise \$2,000 as its part of a national quota to pay the bills for opposing designation of the committee as a Communist front by the Subversive Activities Control Board.

Actually, the hearings would only put the final legal cap on a designation that already has been officially and frequently earned by the committee. The Special Committee on Un-American Activities of the House of Representatives, as far back as 1944 cited the committee as "one of the oldest auxiliaries of the Communist Party..." Attorney General Clark, in 1948, cited the group as "subversive and Communist". The California state committee on un-American activities has similarly characterized it.

Despite this, as pointed out by this newsletter on March 18, this Communist front continues to attract such supporters as Mrs. Franklin Roosevelt who, earlier this year, wrote that she had and was continuing to give money to the group up until this year.

The key charges that the committee says it now wants to fight with the money it is soliciting are: that it defended the Soviet agent Gerhart Eisler:

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### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

In Raply, Please Rajer to Plie No. WASHINGTON SEAR C. August 8, 1957

On August 8, 1957, an informant who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on the same date Leah Levy, Secretary to Israeli Ambassador Abba Eban, contacted Mrs. Eleanor Ressevelt of Hyde Park, New York, to advise that Ambassador Eban would like to meet with Mrs. Roosevelt prior to Eban's return trip to Israel in the immediate future. Levy explained that Eban had been instructed by Israeli Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golds Seir, to meet with Mrs. Roosevelt before his return to Israel.

Informant related that Mrs. Roosevelt, who indicated that she is leaving for Russia in the near future, invited Eban to lunch at Hyde Park, Mew York, on Sunday, August 11, 1957, and noted that Eban should bring his wife and anyone else he wished. Levy accepted the invitation for Eban.



File No.

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C. August 8, 1957

On August 8, 1957, an informant, who was furnished reliable information in the past, advised that on the same date, subsequent to arrangements being made for Israeli Ambassador Abba Eban to have lunch with Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt in Hyde Park, New York, on Sunday, August 11, 1957

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Torganization No. 13 — United China Relief, 1790 Broadway, New York City. I accepted an invitation from PEARL BUCK, dated April 2, 1941, to be a member of the Woman's Committee of United China Relief. The letter head on which this request appeared carried the names of Mr. HENRY LUCE, JOHN D. ROCKKFELLER 3rd, and Mrs. FRANKLIN ROUSEVELT. I accepted this request as a wartime duty, and had no further association with the organization. When queried about this organization I telephoned their office and was informed that all such committees had become quiescent when the general war chest plan went through. I accepted the invitation under the impression that the names on the letter head guaranteed that this was what it purported to be — a relief organization which was being given support by the community.



### FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

CHICAGO	CHICAGO	12-14-26	1-56 26-30;12/3/56	
CEICAGO JOINT DEFENSE COMMITTEE TO DEFEAT THE SMITH ACT		CHARACTER OF CASE		TYPED BY

YNOFEIS:

The Chicago Joint Defense Committee to Defeat the Smith Act (CJDC) maintains offices in Room 402, 189 W. Madison Street, Chicago. Officers are LEON KATZEN, Chairman, JOHN T. BERNARD, Vice Chairman, GERALDYNE LIGHTFOOT, Projects Director, and RICHARD CRILEY, Publicity and Research. Portions of funds used to run Committee are from Communist Party (CP) budget. Aims and purposes of CJDC continue to center around fund-raising for Smith Act defendants and publicity to defeat the Smith Act. CP line in defense of Smith Act defendants compared with CJDC line.

### IV. STATED AIMS AND PURPOSES

In May, 1956, the CJDC published a leaflet captioned "What Is The 'Price of Liberty'?" This leaflet reads in part as follows:

Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty.

The Geneva Conference neared a turning point, not only for world affairs, but also for the defense of liberty at home. Here is a brief summary of some of the main developments over the last year and a half:

1. JOE MC CARTHY deflated

MC CARTHY . . . lost his power to terrorise his opponents and stay in the front page headlines.

2. McCarthyism still continued

Att'y General BROWNELL, J. E. HOOVER, Senator JAMES EASTLAND and others try to continue McCarthyism. without the name. Under the Smith Act, the McCarran Act and the McCarran-Walter Immigration Act and Congressional Committee, the assault on the Bill of Rights continued.

- 3. Mrs. F. D. ROOSEVELT . . . and other prominent Americans asked for amnesty for Smith Act prisoners and a moratorium on further indictments and arrests.
  - 4. Informer racket badly shaken

HARVEY MATUSOW, followed by other recanting informers, blew the lid off the use of FBI professional stool pigeons and exposed the inside workings of the political frame-ups.

5. Negro people marched toward freedom

The historic decision of the Supreme Court outlawing segregation in the schools raised to a new level the centuries-old battle for equal rights.

Memolus.

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

FROM

11

SAC, MEW YORK

SUBJECT:

PAIR PLAY FOR CUBA COMMITTEE REGISTRATION ACT - CUBA

Reny teletype to the Bureau, 5/22/61 and Bureau airtel to NY, 5/21/61.

made available on 5/21/61, and 5/22/61, material maintained at the headquarters of the Fair Play for Cuba Committee, Room 329, 799 Broadway, NY, NY. This material was names and addressed of individuals and organizations maintained on addressograph plates. This particular group of names and addresses pertain only to the NYC area.

For the information of the Bureau ame the cards used on the addressograph machinemedde available by upon which the names and addresses of individuals throughout the country ALS being destroyed by the MYO. All the names have been submitted to the interested offices.

The enclosed list of names in the NYC area has been endexed by the NYC.

IN

Enclosed for the Bureau are two copies of the list

38

JUL 21 19E

Mrs. FRAMKLIN ROOSEVELT Hydo Parki Her York

### "5. United China Relief

"I accepted an invitation from Pearl Buck, dated April 2, 1941, to be on the Women's Committee for that year. The letterhead of the organization carried the name of Mr. Henry Luce, John D. Rockefeller III, and Mrs. F.D. Roosevelt.

- 3 -

### APPENDIX

In June, 1947,

### UNITED CHINA RELIEF

Incorporated, formerly known as "United China Relief, Incorporated", had been infiltrated by the Communists.

In 1949, this source was recontacted and advised that the shove information was obtained from persons intimately familiar with the internal affairs of this organization. These persons reported "that two of the coordinating agencies within the framework of the above organizations have been identified as Communist dominated organizations".

This source advised that these persons requested their identity not be disclosed. He said, however, that all are prominent persons and are of known reliability.

# Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

PROM DIA SAC, BALTIMORE

SUBJECT:

DATE: September 30, 1954

National Youth Congress while at GWU and has on various occasions attended meetings at the White House with Mrs. - F. D. MROOSEVELT.

Section 1

### Office Mer. willum • UNITED ST

**JVERNMENT** 

TO · L. V. Boardman DATE: March 22, 1954

FROM : A. H. Belmon

SUBJECT: VALTER WINCHELL

SILULCAST (RADIO - TELEVISION)
Morch 21, 1954

54 1.1

### WINCHELL SAID:

This week's issue of "News-Week" magazine says "Don't be surprised if McCarthy calls a well-known columnist and a Washington correspondent, both McCarthy supporters, to support charges against Army Secretary Stevens. To counter this the Army may charge that the columnist tried three times to mangle a commission for David Schine."

P. S. The columnist mentioned by "News-Yeek" cannot possibly be Walter Winchell.

### COMMENT:

None.

### WINCHELL SAID:

A new book due in the store's on March 30, entitled "McCarthy and His Enemies," by William Buckley, Jr., and Brent-Mozell (phonetic) is a wonderful documentation of all arguments both for and against McCarthy.

### COMMENT:

None.

### WINCHELL SAID:

The Communists think they have us on the ropes with the two pmajor parties fighting over how to fight Communism and whether a Junior Senator got a "Buck Private," a week-end pass.

JVL: jla

1 APIL 0 1954

He also stated that President Roosevelt and his wife did not know that Lash was a Communist. Joe Lash is one of the top opinion molders, and has been for many years, for the "New York Post."

#### CONVENT:

Joseph P. Lash
Was formerly the
National Secretary of the American Student Union (ASU). The
Special Committee on Un-American Activities, as well as other
committees, has cited ASU as a Communist front. Lash was
a close acquaintance of Ms. F. D. Roosevelt and lived for a
time at the White House. Lash was recently employed as the
United Nations correspondent for the "New York Post."

Jiv

# Mrs. Roosevelt Withdraws OK

MELBOURNE, Australia, Nov. 25 (AP).—Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt today windrew her support from the Australian and New Zealand Congless for International Co-operation and Disarmament.

Disarmament.

In a letter to Congress organizers published in Melbourne papers, Mrs. Roosevelt said she had learned the Congress "concentrates its energy in demanding disarmament on one side of the Iron Curtain and not on the other.

"Since I believe that disarmament can only come about through co-operation among all interested nations, I cannot indorse your program and must therefore withdraw my previous support.

"I hope you will remove my name from all publicity in connection with your efforts."

The Congress, which Australian government leaders claim is Communist controlled, had made extensive use of Mrs. Roosevelt's name and a message of support she sent to organisers.

The Congress adjourned here November 11 but voted in its final sessions to establish a permanent body to organise similar congresses elsewhere in Australia and the Southeast Pacific.

The Washington Post and \_\_\_\_\_\_

Times Herald

The Washington Daily Jews \_\_\_\_

The Evening Star \_\_\_\_\_

New York Herald Tribune \_\_\_\_\_

New York Journal-American \_\_\_\_\_

2001 ... 47 040 1 1950 The Washington Daily
The Evening Star

New York Herald Tribune

New York Journal-American

New York Mirror

New York Daily News

New York Post

The New York Times

The Worker

The Wall Street Journal

REU- 38

58 DEC 41959

MOV 25 1959

rs.Roosevalt Asks Switt Building



Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt vigorously defended Ralph J. Bunche today and called on the loyalty board to complete investigation of the UN official action to end this an accomply favor. White said speedily.

By JOSEPH P. LASH

"It seems to me that a man's record when he has served his question should be raised about country and the UN so well Bunche's loyalty. should preclude any lengthy examination for loyalty," Mrs. Mrs.

Boosevelt asserted.

It was "obvious," she continued, that Bunche could not have such "a good record of service without loyalty."

ecutive secretary of the National

seemly farce," White said. He expressed shock that any

"As a lifelong opponent of communism," he added, "I gladly stake whatever reputation I may possess on Dr. Bunche's unqual

ified loyalty and integrity."
White observed that all over have such "a good record of service without loyalty."

The former First Lady deplored "the length of time" Bunche had been "kept under inquiry," and said this was "a peoples of the world, but particularly in the underdeveloped areas of Asia. Africa and the Middle East, "among the two-thirds of the quiry," and said this was "a peoples of the world who are criticism not of Dr. Bunche, but of our methods of investigations."

Mrs. Roosevelt's demand for prompt vindication of Bunche was echoed by Walter White, exhause encouraged to refuse

with the International Organiza-tions Employes Loyalty Board on Tuesday had not finished the matter, but no official confirma-tion of further hearings could be obtained.

Both Bunche's counsel, Ernest board, refused all comment.

the board on Tuesday was as cult for Hammerskjold to elegate much an opportunity as an the liberal Bunche to a top apot

to follow Communist propagan. For the first time, Bunche wis de and to continue to have faith able to submit at least some of in democracy," White said.

There were indications today Interest time, Bunche wis accusers—ex-Communists Manning Johnson and Les er that Bunche's 12-hour session Patterson—to direct cross-examples. hostile testimonty directly.

Secretary General Hammarsk-A. Gross, who formerly served as jold, intends to promote Bunche, deputy II S. representative at who is now Director of the Trusdeputy U. S. representative at the UN, and Pierce J. Gerety, teeship Division, to Deputy Unthe chairman of the loyalty der-Secretary General under a reorganization plan that is about

Bunche himself was unavailable. He had gone to Washington to attend last night's White House dinner in honor of Emferor Halle Selassie. Meanwhile, it was learned that the press via Washington were unche's marathon session with part of a move to make it diffiin the organization.

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt at Idlewild Airport yesterday.

## Mrs. Roosevelt In, Says Force Can't Beat Reds

Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt greater understanding" besturned yesterday from a tween ourselves and the Ruswenty-five-day visit to the dans, and "much greater conloviet Union. She said the indence in ourselves." She adunited States can triumph over their students of Russian afthe Russians, not by force but fairs to "study history as you only by being "far better than have never studied it before." She described Communist

they are."

Arriving at Idlewild Airport barty leader Nikita S. KhrushMrs. Moosevelt was accomplete, whom she met in a two
panied by her secretary. Missand three-quarter hour interMaureen Corr, and Dr. Aview, as a "strong personalDavid Gurewitsch, director offity, an articulate person, a
line Institute for the Crippled worker, and one who genuinely
and Disabled, 400 First ave. feels that formmunism is the
mark at awelt called for "awaye of the future."



141 OCT \_ 1957.

COLUMN CONTRACTOR STREET
Wash. Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star N. Y. Herald
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Journal
American
N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News
N. Y. Times
Daily Worker
The Worker
New Leader
Date

12.

68 UCT 9 1957

### Mrs. Roosevelt Senses Pride in RussianPeople 🥕

Unsmilling citizens walt she almost antiseptic streets of Eussia, Mrs. Franklin B. Roosevelt said yesterday, but she hammered same are fore triat con do so with full stomache are the first trial and go so with full stomachs. and a sense of accomplishment.

Mrs. Roosevelt, who has recently returned from a trip to the Soviet Union, pictured life in the USSR as somewhat similar

the bleak imaginings of George Orwell in "1984," while ment is strict to the point of stressing the obvious accom-strangulation, but "it does prolishments of the nation.

Describing Communist school- duce results," she said. ing, the speaker acknowledged strict government supervision, of our adversary is unconstrucbut told a United Nations Week tive" and pressed for greater Exacteon here that " . . . there is something that smacks of freedom in getting an educa-

Turning to another aspect of

Eccords Cited of the people."

In the Leningrad district lone, she said, health authori-lighted week-long U. N. activiles claim that of 19,000 chilfren under care for 1956-57, ties here in connection with the nly one baby under one year world body's founding 12 years ras lost.

And in the 16-years-and-uner category (for the same poplation segment) but four chilren died.

.Mrs. Roosevelt contrasted this brilliant record with the almost non-existent medical Sacilities under Trarist rule.

She told nearly \$00 listeners in the Mayflower Hotel that accomplishments of this sort deeply impress visitors from under-developed countries to the Soviet Union.

"The Boviets can say We inderstand—that's just where e were 40 years ago," Mrs. koosevelt said.

She said that, by an apparent daptation of Paylov's theories, he Red leaders had produced a Psubmissive and highly dissiplined populace."

#### Likened to Janus

Seen through the eyes of Mrs. conevelt, the USSR develops a dual entity, similar to the toman god Janus.

The course of the govern

Mrs. Roosevelt said that "fear understanding.

In concluding her address, Mrs. Roosevelt said that "the strength of the United Nations" oviet life, Mrs. Roosevelt nations, and that no governis in the hands of its member: retched the public health set- ment can accomplish much without the support and will

المالكلتا - فَدُ

NOT RECOMDED 141 OCT SO 1957

Wash, Post and
Times Herald
Wash. News
Wash. Star 434
N. Y. Herald
Tribune
N. Y. Journal
American
N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News
N. Y. Times
Daily Worker
The Worker
New Leader
OCT 2 4 1957
E . UUI & 4 1001

Date



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FL\_2RAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGAT N\_

In Reply, Please Refer to File No. WASHINGTON

June 21, 1962

**V**.

The April, 1962, issue of the "Diplomatic List"; a publication of the United States Department of State, lists Dmitri D. Muraviev (Muravev) as a First Secretary at the Embassy of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Washington, D. C.

On June 20, 1962, a confidential source, who has furnished reliable information in the past, advised he learned on that date that Muravev is planning to visit Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt in Hyde Park, New York, on July 3, 1962. According to the source, Muravev stated Mrs. Roosevelt had invited him to bring his wife with him, and to plan to stay ever July 4th. Muravev added that Mrs. Roosevelt had stated she was "delighted" that he planned to visit her.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO . Mr. A. H. Bellegny

DATE: December 16, 1957

Mr. R. R. Boach

SUBJECT:

MANAGE AND THE PARTY OF THE PAR

see)

Memorandum Mr. Roach to Mr. Belmont

around New York City; that it has office space in the United Nations building and that it has made an effort to avoid publicity. Since its inception, it has conducted over 400 social events and entertained approximately 1500 people connected with the United Nations. Its stated aim is to increase good will and understanding between Americans and representatives of the United Nations member states. It is affiliated with the National Council of Women of the United States, Inc. This background material forwarded by Lodge was furnished to the U.S. Mission in New York City by the organization itself.

Called attention to the fact that the names of several women who are the principal figures in this social program appear the background material and he said that State desired to know the results of a check of Bureau files on these names. He also stated that in the future the State Department would probably desire to have other names of persons connected with this program checked through our files.





是是"你们是你没有的。"



### PRIVATE ENTERTAINMENT FOR UNITED NATIONS DELEGATIONS

In June 1954, at the suggestion of the United States Mission and the National Council of Women of the United States, the United Nations Home Hospitality Group was established to provide an apportunity for delegates and their families to meet Americans on an informal basis in their homes, both in the city and in the country mearby. The group worked directly with the Chief of Proceeds of the United Nations and the Limison Officers through whom contents with delegates were initially made. The hospitality Group carefully selected nosts and hostesses to meet on a personal basis members of delegations with similar interests.

By June 1956, with the increase in membership of the United Nations and the resulting additional load on the Protocol Section, it was recognised that greater service child be requered by having a professional assistant at the United Nations. With the help of the Chief of Protocol and the approval of the Executive Assistant to the Secretary General, a deak was set up on October 1, 1956 in Room 202 sijacent to the Protocol Section (telephone Plaza 4-1234, extensions 2635 and 3604). This has made it possible to continue in close limison with that Section and to work more directly with delegates who are coming in increasing numbers to avail themselves of the services of the group, giving a far better opportunity of finding out the real meets and interests of both delegates and their femilies.

Meetings were held with the united Nations Respitality Committee of the City of New York under Mrs. Franklin D. Boosevalt and Miss Jeannette long/ear as well as with the Volunteer Services of the Secretariat in order to avoid duplication of effort.

\$



## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

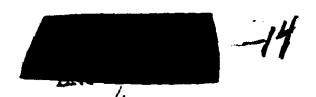
In Raply, Plance Refer to Pile No. WASHINGTON 35, D. C.

August 6, 1959



On July 31, 1959, a confidential informant who has furnished reliable information in the past advised that Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, 202 56th Street West, New York 19, New York, approached Miloslav Ruzek, Czechoslovak Ambassador to the United States, at which time she noted that she was sorry that the Ambassador was unable to be in New York at the same time she was. She further stated that she would be out of town until August 11, 1959, and requested that the Ambassador visit her at Suite 1947, Park-Sheraton Hotel (New York, New York) before 10:00 a.m. on August 11, 1959.

COPIES DESTROYED





In Raply, Please Refer to File No.





### UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION New Orleans, Louisiana February 2, 1962

UNKNOWN SUBJECT; THREAT TO BOMB MICHOUD PLANT, (NATIONAL AERONAUTICS AND SPACE ADMINISTRATION), CHEF MENTEUR HIGHWAY, NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA FEBRUARY 2, 1962

On February 2, 1962,

advised that at 3:10 PM the same date, , a telephone operator in the communications section of this plant received an anonymous telephone call from what sounded like an elderly man. He said the caller told that he had something that "would blow the plant to Cuba," and that all of the persons in the Michoud Plant Building had better leave within a few minutes. He said the individual did not say there was an explosive in the building but that he made the above inference to that effect. He stated the caller further made some mention to the effect that someone should kidnap the President and his wife, apparently referring to the President of the United States and made some mention of Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, wife of former President Roosevelt. The statement concerning Mrs. Roosevelt was not understood by remainder of the conversation was not rational giving the impression the caller was either mentally unbalanced or intoxicated.

FER 4 1962

ENCLOSURE

441

No explosion occurred at the above plant on February 2, 1962.

441

records regarding indicated that had corresponded with Mrs. HANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT in 1944, requesting intervention in the aforementioned hearings and also indicated that corresponded with Honorable CLARE BOOTHE LUCE, House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., on June 19, 1944, requesting her to introduce a bill in Congress permitting him to stay in the United States unhampered for the duration of World War II.

# MRS. ROOSEVELT DEFENDS ISRAEL

States She Believes Nation
- Acted in Self-Defense

-Assails U. S. Policy

Eneral to the New York Times.

CHICAGO Nov. 3 — Mrs.

Franklin D. Roosevelt declared loday that she believed Israel had acted in self-defense in the Middle East and should not be considered as a servered.

considered an aggressor.

Mrs. Rooseveli made the statement in a news conference. She came to Chicago to participate in Adlai E. Stevenson's cam-

Paign wind-up.
"I do not consider that Israel
Is an aggressor," Mrs. Roosevelt
said, "She acted in self-defense."

Mrs. Roosevelt declared that Israel had increasingly become beleaguered" as a result of the Eisenhower policy of permitting arms to flow to the Arab states while refusing Israel permission to "buy equivalent weapons."

Mrs. Roosevelt declared that

Mrs. Roosevelt declared that she regarded Mr. Stevenson's prospects of earrying New York improved by the Middle Eastern crisis. She said there had been a sharp rise in Democratic organization activity in the state in the last week.

#### She Voices Optimism

As to Mr. Stevenson's prospects of winning on Tuesday, Mrs. Roosevelt said that "I'm very optimistic."

I'm very sure," she said, "that if the American people know the truth they will vote for a change."

change."

She expressed the "greatest baspect" for President Eisenhower as a fine general and a wery good man," but, she said."

I do not have the same respect for the President as a policy maker."

The said that as a general he had been carrying out policies made by others.

In response to a question, Mrs. Roosevek said that her husband, had undergone a complete physical examination before running for his fourth term.

"It was a complete examination—just like Mr. Bisenhower's," she said President Roosevolt died three months after the start of his fourth term.

#### Stevenson Backed

Mrs. Roosevelt gave strong support to Mr. Stevenson's criticism of the Eisenhower Administration policy in the Middle East. She blamed the Administration for the crisis and said Britain and France had been driven into the action that they took through lack of confidence

in United States policy.

She said she believed both nations were technically guilty of
agression. She charged that
President Eisenhower had either
"deliberately fooled" the American people as to what was going

"This is shocking and appalling," Mrs. Roosevelt said. These things don't just happen all of a sudden. Either the Administration has been trying for political seasons to stave off the deluge or they have lacked knowledge of what was going on. Which is worse?"

The said she felt that Britain and France had been "brought to the point of desperation" by

Every time point of desperatum. By Elnited States policy.

"It now leaves up in the very strange position," she said, "of supporting the Ereplin and an Egyptian dictator against our eldest and strongest allies. It is an ironic, strange and horrible situation."

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y. TIMPES

DATED 11/4/56

FORWARDED BY K. Y. DIVINITE

RE: FOREIGN POLITICAL MATTERS-ISRAEL

INDEXED - 1

NOT RECORDED

LNOV 1 4 1056

Confidential Informant T-2, of known reliability, informed that received correspondence from the following sources directed to his residence address, New York, New York, between June 16, 1952 and July 14, 1952:

Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT, 220 West 58 Street, New York 19,

New\_York

- 6 -

National Issues Committee

### Mrs. Roosevelt Starts Group To Fight 'Reactionary Trend'

By Edward T. Folliard

"reactionary trend," came here plaining the committee's backreactionary trend, take the planning the committee's back-yesterday to announce the for-mation of a new, nonpartisan committee flying the liberal Now 68, she has not changed committee flying

panner.

It is called the 'ational Is' was First Lady, although she sues Committee, and its avowed did seem to have trouble hearing questions asked of her by the path of progress." The committee, which is out to raise in a prepared statement, Mrs. \$100,000 for its first year of Roosevelt expressed concern

Aposevelt, chairman of the committee,

Mrs. Franklin D Roosevelt, held forth at a press confer-disturbed by what she called a ence in the Shoreham Hotel, exgreatly since the time when she

in a prepared statement, Mrs.

aperation, was its headquarters about the situation abroad and at 816 21st st. nw. mational friends throughout the world are beginning to lose confidence in America." The same forces which have blunted the edge of America's world leadership, she

said, are largely responsible for reaction at home—for the talk about a "controlled recession," for all but destroying the Federal housing program, for aban-doning the Hell's Canyon project, and for lost ground in the

fields of health and education.

The conflict in all these areas," Mrs. Roosevelt said in her prepared statement, "is not one between Republicans and Democrats, for in every case both Republicans and Democrats will be found on each side. Instead, I feel sure that the whole trend I have outlined results chiefly from a lack of See ROOSEVELT, Page 2, Col. 1

NOT RECORDED 98 AUG 21 1953

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Wash. News

Wash, Star

N.Y. Herald Tribune

N.Y. Mirror

N.Y. Compass

63 SEP 10 1953 33

THE LACE CHARLES

Date:

### Nonpartisan Liberals Band

-

reliable. straightforward in actionary trend" last year when

also stems in part from a mias the people. ma of confusion and uncertainty which has overtaken us in She said that the National Is recent years, dimming our obsues Committee began to take jectives and undermining our form has spring in a conference pectives and unpermitting our form hast spring in a conterence confidence in ourselves and in the had with Philip Schiff, each other. In this atmosphere, Washington representative of the know-nothing and the Washington representative of demagogue have their opport the National Jewish Welfare tunity and make the most of Board. Schiff is now chairman

she said the reporter had to ask himself if President Eisenhower was dealing properly with those issues.

At one point, however, the laughed and did openly disagree with General Eisenhower. A reporter told her that the Chief Executive, at a news conference, had cited the Tennessee Valley Authority as an example of creeping socialism.

"I don't happen to agree with

that," she said.

Mrs. Roosevelt, although inelsting that the National Issues Committee was nonpartisan, didn'i dispute a reporter's observation that it was top-heavy with Democrats. She said that members of both parties had been invited to join, but that far more Democrats and acepted.

Dos Pryor, executive director of the committee, said it was moped that Republicans would accept in time. Pryor used to be a familiar figure in Washing. ton when he was a news commentator for the Columbia Broadcasting System.

Mrs. Roosevelt said that she first became aware of the "re-

formation available to the Harry 5. Truman was in the people. We are going to fall white House. She said that Mr. this gap to the best of our white House. She said that Mr. ability through the National Truman was not at fault; that Issues Committee. the real cause was lack of facsues Committee. the real cause was lack of fac-This new, disturbing trend tual information in the hands of

it, although they speak only of the executive board of the

it, although they speak only for a tiny minority.

"The task we have set ourselves, therefore, is to redefine the great issues which confront this Nation, to restate them in simple and popular terms as objectively as possible, and to see to it that the people get Mary M. Condon, Morris T. the facts whom which the making of sound judgment depends.

A reporter asked Mrs. Rosewell if her statement wasn't, in Pation, Robert R. Asthan Wallfact, "an attack on the Eisenbower Administration."

She insisted that she was deal spingary and Tellord Jaylor, ing primarily with issues, and she said the reporter had to



Times-Herald	<del></del>
Wash. Post	
Wash. News	
Wash. Star	

N.Y. Herald Tribune

N.Y. Mirror

N.Y. Compass

Dete:

### FEDERAL BURZAU OF INJESTIGATION

This case originated at BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA (1991)

File Eo.

Report Made At	Date When Made	Period For Which Made	Report Made By	
NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA	6/23/41	4/17, \$1,22,	*	
	1, 200	29,30, 5/1, 2/42	•	
Title			Character of Case	
SOUTHERN CONFERENCE FOR HUMAN WELFARE			, ×	
South Edward	E FOR BIOMAN WELL	Ans	•	

Synopsis of Facts:

Subject organization not registered or incorporated in the state of Louisiana.

former Tulane University Professor, was Field Chairman for subject organization.

revealed as Vice-Chairman of Finance Committee of subject organization. Purpose of organization reported to be the "Uniting of forces in the South that are trying to bring about better working conditions and greater democracy to all of the working people of the South." Information set out concerning individuals connected with subject organization in Louisians. Investigation reveals no activity on part of organization in the state of Louisians.

According to the report submitted by N-2, the first conference of subject organization was held at Birmingham, Alabama in November, 1938, at which Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT was one of the honored speakers. The report relifiects that the program was dominated by radicals,

#### DETAILS: AT NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA

- I. ORGANIZATION, SCOPE, AND GENERAL ACTIVITIES
- A. Organization
  - 1. Readquarters

personally observed that the Southern Conference Educational Fund, Incorporated (SCEP), continues to occupy Room 404, 822 reliate Street, New Orleans. was observed on the same date in the office at the beadquarters of the SCEP.

The Southern Patriot," official organ of the SCEP, in the April, 1956, issue listed the editorial and executive offices of the SCEP as Room 404, 822 Perdido Street, New Orleans 12, Louisiana. The Office of Publication of "The Southern Patriot" is listed in this issue as 150 Tenth Avenue North, Rashville, Tennessee.

## B. Scope of Activities

Confidential Informant T-2, who has furnished reliable information in the past, made available issues of "The Southern Patriot" for the months of December, 1955, and January, Pebruary, March and April of 1955, which reflect that the scope of the activities of the SCEF continues to be the publication of "The Southern Patriot."

The January, 1956, issue, Volume 14, No. 1, page 1, column 1, carried an article entitled "The SCEF: 1946-56, A Brief History, A Proud Record," which set forth a chronological summary of SCEF projects over the past ten years which is set forth as follows:

\*1951 LE

MAKSHMI PANDIT, Ambassador of India, Mrs. FRANKLIN D. MOOSEVELT, and Mrs. MARY MC LEODISSTRUNE.

- 6 -

627

## 

TO : DIRECTUR, FEI

DATE: April 9, 1956

FROM -

SAC, CRICAGO

SUBJECT:

CHANGED"

LYERICHE ASSOCIATION FOR

THE UNITED RATIONAL, INC., I

LINESIS DIVISION

The title of this case is being merked changed to reflect the present official name of the organization.

DIRECTOR, FBI

RE: AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR THE UNITED NATIONS, INC., ILLINOIS AND GREATER CEICAGO DIVISION

The Liaison Committee of the United Nations Association is schedul at to hold a conference on April 21, 1956, and it is believed that Mrs. ELEANOR ROOSEVELT will be invited to this conference.

DIRECTOR, FEI

RE: AMERICAN ASSOCIATION FOR
THE UNITED NOTIONS, INC.,
ILLINOIS AND GREATER
CE ICAGO DIVISION TO ANY

Mrs. FRANKLE: D. ROOSEVELT, Chairman, Board of Governors

- 6 -

15

#### UNITED STATES GE ERNMENT

## Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FEI

DATE:

5/31/60

FROM

SAC. MEW YORK

SUBJECT:

CHANGED

OF NEW YORKONINGE FOR CHILDREN OF NEW YORKONING, aka Citizens Committuee on Guildren of New York City, Inc.
INFORMATION CONCERNING

The title is clanged to reflect additional name Citizens Committee on Children of New York City, Inc.

#### I. Location

The current NYC Telephone Directory for the boroug of Manhattan lists to a Citizens Committee for Children of NYC, Inc., at 112 East 19th St., Manhattan, NY, telephone number SPring 7-3800.

#### II. Origin and Purpose

On 5/5/60, at the NY County Clerks Office, NYC, sa examined the Certificate of Incorporation #2202 for the Citizens Committee on Children of NYC, Inc., which certificate was filed 3/16/45. The purpose of the committee was set out as follows:

"To promote the well-being and nappiness of the & children of NYC and as a means to that end;

To conduct, carry on, sponsor and promote studies, research and investigation with respect to the existence, the cause and method of prevention and removal of conditions adverse to the full growth and development of the bodies, and minds of the children of NYC;

To locate, classify, interpret and evaluate facts, principles and procedures relating to any of the foregoing;

3

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To publish or cause to be published books, pampulens, magazines, articles, papers, or other publications relains to, or connected with any of the foregoing;

To aid and assist and to work in conjunction and in cooperation with individuals, groups, corporations, organizations, governments and government agencies of all kinds lawfully engaged in fostering or attaining any of the foregoing purposes;

To do any and all lawful acts and things which may be necessary, useful, suivable, desirable, or proper for the furtherance, accomplishments or attainments of any or all of the foregoing purposes.

The corporation shall not be operated for profit and no part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of any member or individual.

No substantial part of the activity of the corporation shall consist of carrying on propaganda or otherwise attempt to influence legislation."

The following persons were listed as directors of the corporation in the corporation papers:

7

The publication "The Uprooted" of 1954, lists the following persons on the Board of Directors of CCCNYC:

MERSCHEL ALT
Dr. VICLA W. BERNARD
Mrs. RICHARD BERTHARD
Dr. WILLIAM H. BRISTOW
MISS CHARLOTTE CARR
Dr. ROBERT W. CULPERT
Mrs. MARSHALL FIELD
Dr. ROMA GANS
Mrs. RANDOLF GUGGENLEIMER
MISS HELEN M. HARRIS
Mrs. THOMAS B. ESS

Miss AMY HOSTLER
STANLEY M ISAACS
DEAN KENNETH D. COHNSON
Dr. ALICE V RELIHER
MISS ANNA KEMPSHALL
Dr. HAPRY D. KRUSE
Mrs. SAMUEL A. LEWISOHN
EDWIN J. LUKAS
IRA S. ROBBINS
Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT
Mrs. JUAN T. TRIPPE
Mrs. LOUIS S. WEISS

-7\_-

Mr. Eisenbewer, Mr. Khrush. 1ev,

# WE CALL FOR A PERMANENT END TO ATOMIC BOMB TESTING

Dear Mr. President: Dear Mr. Premier:

There is one tangible act you can perform that will be clear and unmistakable sign to all humanity that your meetings have been fruitful.

You can remove the few remaining obstacles to a permanent end to nuclear weapons tests under inspection and control.

On behalf of the human commonwealth, will you place this question high on your agenda?

We, and people the world over, welcome your exchange of visits. We hope this direct approach will bring durable peace within the orbit of possibility.

A durable peace demands a permanent end to nuclear tests; comprebensive arms control, negotiated political settlements, and establishment

of the rule of world law in international affairs.

Your historic meetings can be the turning point that will guarantee human survival. We welcome your initiative. We wish you well.

PROF. GORDON ALL PORT
STUART CHASE
MORMAN COUSINS
REV. EDVIN T. DAHLBERG
DR. WILLIAM DAVIDON
JULES FEIFFER
MAROLD E. FEY
REV. MARRY EMERSON POSDICK
WR. ERICH FROMM
PATRICE GORMAN
OSCAR HAMMERSTEIN II
REV. DOMALD HARRINGTON

BRIG. GEN. HUGH B. HESTER

fllS. Amy, Retire

HALLOCK HOFFMAN
DR. DAVID R. DIGLIS
HON. STANLEY M. ISAACS
REV. HOMER JACK
DR. MARTIN LUTHER KING
MOWARD LINIDSAY
DR. M. STANLEY LIVINGSTON
ARNOLD H. MAREMONT
DR. WILLIAM MENDINGER
WALTER MILLIS
LEWIS MUMFORD
DIL LANUS PAULING
ORLIE PELL
CLARENCE PICKETY
DR. DAVID RIESMAN

(SIGNERS) ELMO ROPER MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT ROBERT RYAN DORE SCHARY DR. RALPH W. SOCKMAN DR. PITIRIN A. SOROKIN DR. EDWARD J. SPARLING MORMAN THOMAS ORMAN THO DEAN NOVARD THURMAN LOUIS UNTERMEYER TERRY YOURHIS BISHOP HAZEN G. VERNER LAMES VARBURG E RAYMOND WELSON DEL HUGH C. WOLFE

(The signers of this statement do so as individuals and not as representatives of organizations.)
ADD YOUR SIGNATURES TO THOSE ABOVE AND SEND THIS LETTER TO

## Chicago Committee For A SANE Nuclear Policy

Room 1018

7 South Dearborn

Chicago 3, Illinois

ALCOVA STIDE

- Alexandra

To help support this appeal I enclose

THE PHICAN JEWISH CONCRE Hear

# E PEOPLE vs. McCart

(A Public Meeting on the Issue)

Thursday, May 20, 1954 — At 8:30 P.M.

Hunter College Assembly Hali WHERE: .

69th Street between Park and Lexington Avenues

ADMISSION: . . 49¢ (Forty-nine Cents)

Speakers: The Honorable William H. Benton Former Senttor from Connecticut

> Dr. John Krumm Chaplain, Columbia University

The Honorable Stanley M.\ isaacs Minority Leader New York City Council

Mr. James Wechsler Editor, THE NEW YORK POST

Chairman: Judge Dorothy Kenyon

We'll be looking for you at the Rally!

Spouspred by:

Organizations]

innerican Jewish Congress [AC] American Veterans Committée MVC) Americans for Democratic Action KADAI

Association of Fraternal and Benevoient Organizations (AFBO)

Christian Action sewish Labor Committee (RLC) Liberal Party, New York County National Association for the Advancement of Colored Poople MAACPI

New York Young Democratic Clab

MARTIAL LIST)

THE SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE SHAPE

**fedivideals** 

Dr. John Dennett, Union Tilgological Seminely

The Most Rev. Charles K. Gilbert. Former Presiding Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal Church of New York

Mr. Hugo Ernst General President of the Hotel & Restaurant Employees and Bertender International Union

Reversed Doneld Harrington Mr. Morris Lyshevitz, Socy-Trees., N.Y.C. CIO Opuncil

Rabbi Gerald M. Vecobs,
The Greenwich Village Synagogue

Mr. Joseph Konowe, Secy-Trees,
Lecel 2 D. L.B. of T. (AFL)
Mr. Jerome Wathenson
Dr. Reinhold Klidhuhr
Reverend Albert J. Renner
Mr. Michael J. Quill, International
Pres., Transport Workers Union of
America, CIO
Mrs. Franklin D. Roceaualt

Mrs. Fracklin D. Roosevelt Mr. Elme Rice

Reverend Robert Spike, Minister of The Judson Memorial Church Rabbi Quvid & Saligson Mr. Mar Start

110

Dr. Harold

15

## MRS. ROOSEVELT AIDS INTEGRATION

Asks Support of Southern Fund, a Target of House and Senate Inquiries

Mrs. Franklin Dr Roosevelt appealed yesterday for apport of the pro-integrationist Southern Conference Educational rund, Inc. Some of the group's Lauri have been targets for Congressional investigations.

Mrs. Roosevelt told a fundmining meeting at the Delmonico Hotel:

"I think it is probably the only organization left in the South where people of different colors can work together, and I hope we can give it the financial as well as the spiritual support it needs.

"What happens on the firing line affects our leadership in the world against real Communist control—not just the 'corganism' which is put on anything you don't like. For instance, in the South, if you happen to be for integration, you're; called a 'Communist.'"

One of the fund's field secretaries, Carl Braden, is now appealing a contempt conviction for refusing to answer questions of the House Committee on UnAmerican Activities last July. In 1955 the Senate Internal Security subcommittee asked the Department of Justice to determine if the group was a "Communist front", a charge strongly denied by its president, Aubrey W. Williams.

The fund, whose headquarters are in New Orleans, grew out of the defunct Southern Conference for Human Welfare and has operated independently since 1946. It is run by sixty-five disactors from the seventeen southern states and the District of Columbia. James A. Dombrowski, smecutive director, said it had 2,500 contributors.

At yesterday's meeting Hubert

T. Belany, former Domestic Reff
Enties justice, raised more than
\$17.500 from the 200 person
present. Mrs. Roosevelt gav

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UNITED STATES GOVEL MENT

## Memorandum

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DATE: Nay 24. 1960 --

FROM

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL COMPITEE FOR A SANE NUCLEAR POLICY INFOMENTION CONCERNING

As a result of the Director's inquiry concerning a Washington Capital News Service—item dated 5-19-60 regarding a rally at the Madison Square Garden, New York City, 5-19-60, sponsored by the National Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy (NCSNP), memorandum—to—5-20-60 furnished the background of the NCSNP and advised that the results of the 5-19-60 meeting would be furnished upon receipt from the New York City Office.

New York airtel 5-20-60 advised that this rally was held and among the speakers were Alfred M. Landon, former Governor of Lansas and 1936 kepublican presidential candidate who advocated another meeting of heads of state in the near future to agree on a way to control nuclear testing; Governor G. Kennen Milliams of Michigan; Norman Thomas, well-known socialist; Norman Consins, editor of The Saturday Review and co-chairman of the Stonsoring cormittee; Dr. Harold Taylor, former president of Sarah Lawrence College; Rabbi Israel Goldstein of Congregation B nai Jeshurun; Walter P. Reuther, president of the United Auto Workers; and Clarence E. Pickett, executive secretary emeritus of the American Friends Service Committee and the other co-chairman of the committee. Ers. Franklin D. Roosevelt was disclosed as a co-chairman of the meeting. All speakers urged banning nuclear tests.

New York Office further advised that there were no disruptive incidents during this rally according to the New York City Police Department which advised that 17,500 attended the rally and that after the rally approximately 3,000 persons walked to the United Nations building where a meeting led by a prayer for peace was held.

ACTION:

None, For your information.

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9/11/57

Party in the USSR mentioned he is leaving for Moscow on 9/12/57 and will have dinner with Mrs. FRANKLIN D. MOSEVELT on Saturday in Moscow.

1677

#### TRANSLATION FROM CZFCH

"NOVA DOBA" (THE NEW ERA)

Motto: The right to work is the right to live.

August 21, 1959, issue.

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#### K EXLI NOTATIONS (page 1, column 1, summary)

The first part of this article / comments made by I. F. STONE regarding the KHRUS. CHEV visit to the U.S.A. He states that it will be a symbol of satisfaction for millions of people on earth to see the mussian statesman and the American President shake hands on the steps of the Phite House. The second paragraph states that the death of JOHN FOSTER DULLES brought about a change in U. I. foreign policy. Mr. EMLLES objected to MISON's visit to mussia and he also objected to inviting ANNOTITY to visit in the Inited States. STONE's comments in this article are ended by stating that EISENNINGER's eight years as Fresident will soon be history. All/Will be forgotten if the tresident, who started his term in office by ending the var in Aorea, will lay the foundation for peaceful coexistence with the Soviet Union.

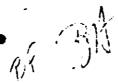
The last part of this article / comments made by WALTER LIPPHARN in the 'New York Berald Tribune.' These comments also pertain to the coming KHUASACHEV visit to the U.S.A.

THE REVOLT OF THE REACTIONABIES IN CUEA SUPPLEMED (page 1, column 2, summary)

This article appears to be a translation from an English language newspaper. The recent revolt against FIDEL CASTAD in Cuba is discussed in this article. It is pointed out that the followers of SATISIA were defeated in

TRANSLATED BY:

September 17, 1959



425

## STYLET EDUCATION IN MORE ARVANCED MAN EDUCATION IN AMERICA (page 8, column 3, summary)

This article appears to be a translation from an English language newspaper. It quotes Admiral HIMAN D. AICH VEL as stating that Soviet education is nore advanced than education in the United States. He is also quoted as stating that Poland is the country that has been devastated by war and that it will take a great many years to put that country back on its feet.

## INVITATION TO THE PATSIDENT (page 8, column 3, sunmary)

The committee for a "healthy nuclear policy" has sent a telegram to the President asking for his promise that nuclear weapons will not be given to other countries, but will be retained by the United States. This telegram also asks for the outlawing of all future nuclear tasks. This article emphasizes that nuclear weapons should not be given to best dermany. Among those who signed that telegram arc: STEVEXALLTH, ETHAR CHARS, NOWAR ACCURATE, WALLTH, ETHAR CHARS, NOWAR ACCURATE, ENGINEER, Dr. MARTIN LYPLEASTAND, VAR THAR GENERAL TO STEAT, ENGINEER TO STEAT, WAS, LOUIS, WALLTH, TRANSCRIPE, NOWAR THE MAS, LOUIS, MITTERMATER, TRANSCRIPE.

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UNITED STATES

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## Memorandum

TO

DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/29/60

FROM

SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT:

在大学中的一种人类的主义的人,他们是是是一种的一种,他们是一个人们是一个人们的是是是一个人的,他们就是一个人的,他们就是一个人的,他们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们们

AFRICA DEFENSE AND AID FUND

INFORMATION CONCERNING

On 11/16/59, made available a pamphlet entitled, "African Defense and Aid Fund," (ADAAF) "Bridge Between Two Continents," administered by the American Committee on Afric.

The following quotations are taken from this pamphlet:

"Initial listing of Sponsors for Africa Defense and Aid Fund. (An \* indicates that the person is listed on previous communications put out by the American Committee on Africa.)

> "Nelson Bengston Mrs. Samuel Mc Créa/Cavert Norman/Cousins / Rev. Henry Hitt Crane Clark Mell Eichelberger Fred Ferber \*Rev. Harry Emerson Fosdick Rabbi Israel Goldstein Lorraine Hansberry \*Dr. George Edmund Haynes \*Harold Isaac Hon. Jacob K. Javits \_Dr. Mordecai Johnson Emily Kimbrough Rt. Rev. W. Appleton Lawrence Rev. Henry Smith Leiper Stanley Levison Benjamin E. Mays Frank Montero #F. D. Patterson Irving Pflaum \*Clarence E. Pickett \*Rt. Rev. James A. Pike **\*A. Philip √Randolph** Victor, Reuther \*Jackie Robinson \*Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt \*William X. Scheinman Arthur M. Schlesinger, Jr. \*Rev. Ralph W. Sockman Arthur B. Spingarn Hope Stevens Charles/J. Symington

Executive Secretary \*George M. Houser

\*Norman/Thomas

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- CANADA

Assistant Ann Morrissett"

## THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

for a

#### SANE NUCLEAR POLICY

request the pleasure of your company

SUNDAY DINNER with MRS. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT

Sunday afternoon, January 24, at 12:30 o'clock

in the Louis XIV Ballroom, Hotel Somerset, Boston

SENATOR LEVERETT SALTONSTALL will introduce Mrs. Roosevelt.

Mrs. Roosevelt will speak on 'HOW TO STOP NUCLEAR TESTING."

Dr. Charles D. Coryell, Professor of Chemistry, M.I.T., will preside.

\$5,00 per person

RSVP on attached tearoff

To: The Greater Boston Committee For a SANE Nuclear Policy Box.75, Cambridge 38, Mass.

Telephone University 8-8340

Please send me\_\_\_\_\_ tickets at \$5.00 each for dinner with Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt, January 24, at 12:30 o'clock, Hotel Somerset, Boston, for which payment is enclosed.

NAME	
ADDRESS	
4	-
ENCERCLOSURE	

Vol. 3, No. 1

記代表

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Jan. 9, 1960

Published by The Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy
P. O. Box 75
Cambridge 38, Mass.
Russell Johnson, Secretary
Edmund C. Berkeley, Editor

## ELEANOR ROOSEVELT TO SPEAK BEFORE THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt will speak at a Sunday dinner meeting of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy on Sunday, January 24, at 12:30 p.m., at the Hotel Somerset in Boston. Her subject will be:

How to Stop Nuclear Testing
She will be introduced by Senator Leverett Saltonstall of Massachusetts. All supporters of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy, and any other persons interested, are invited to be present. Tickets for the Sunday dinner are obtainable at \$5.00 each, from the office of the Greater Boston Committee at 130 Brattle St., Cambridge, or by mail addressed to P.O. Box 75, Cambridge 38.

#### BOTH SIDES URGED BY THOMAS E. MURRAY TO SCRAP H-BOMBS

In Pasadena, Calif., on Dec. 9, Thomas E. Murray, former Atomic Energy Commissioner, urged that both the United States and Russia dismantle nuclear weapons with a power equivalent of a million tons of TNT. Mr. Murray urged that the United States take the lead in the proposal and that the weapons be taken apart on "neutral territory" and "on a matching basis, weapons for equal weapon".

#### 77% OF AMERICANS WANT TO CONTINUE THE H-BOMB TEST BAN

The Gallup Poll on Dec. 1 announced the results of a poll on continuing the ban on the testing of nuclear weapons, which President Eisenhower is currently continuing on a day-to-day basis. The question asked was:

"The United States and Russia have made an agreement to stop testing H-bombs until the end of this year. Would you like to have this agreement continued next year, or not?

The results were: YES 77%

NO 11%

No opinion 12%

## PRESIDENT ENDS 14 MONTH BOMB TEST MORATORIUM (Editorial)

The nuclear bomb test moratorium which expired Dec. 31 represented a small but clearly visible and positive direction in American foreign policy. Thomas Murray's statement above points further in the creative policy direction the President has rejected.

We regret the abandonment of this position for the apparent purposes of diplomatic bargaining. Our government's action may well lead not to an agreement to stop nuclear bomb tests, but only to stop atmospheric fallout-producing tests, while continuing the nuclear arms race.

#### REGULAR MEETINGS OF THE GREATER BOSTON COMMITTEE

Regular meetings of the Greater Boston Committee for a Sane Nuclear Policy take place on the 2nd (and sometimes the 4th) Tuesday of each month, at 8:00 p.m. at 130 Brattle St., in Cambridge (in the library of the American Friends Service Committee). If you are interested in a Sane Nuclear Policy, you are invited to fome.

.8/21/47

Conf. letter to Tarector

of Proceedent LOCSWALL at which time Track accommendation of VE Day. Local a greating to UNAULI on Each Park stationary in commemoration of VE Day. Local sent the greating and also sent some Movers along with the greating.

FD-72 (3-9-54)

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION?

THE CASE ON SMATTED AT . CHI CAGO

NEPORT MARE AT	MADE 6/8,21,29,7/10,	REPORT MADE BY
CHIC AGO	7-27-56 14,16,17/56	
<b>D</b>	•	GHARACTER OF CASE
"LUDOVE NOVINY"		

#### SYNOPSIS OF FACTS:

Editorial office of "Ludove Noviny" located 1510 West 18th Street, 2-16 Chicago, Illinois. Subject newspaper is printed by Praga Fress, Inc., also located at above mentioned address.

"Ludove Noviny" claimed circulation of 3525 in March, 1956. Circulation of "Ludove Noviny" reported by informants as 2000 to 2200 in April-of 1956 and 1975 in May of 1956.

policy continues to implement Communist Party line and support various organizations designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450. "Ludove Noviny" also continues to support policies of Soviet Russia and Czechoslovakia. Slovak Book Store continues to be operated and owned by "Ludove Noviny."

•

IV. OTHER EXAMPLES IN WHICH THE "L/N"
SUPPORTS THE COMMUNIST PARTY AND COMMUNIST
PARTY FRONT GROUPS

#### A. SUPPORT OF COMMUNIST PARTY

"L/N", December 29, 1955, Page 9, column 1

Mrs. FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT has signed an appeal to President EISENHOWER asking for the release of the 16 Communists who are victims of the Smith Law. Forty-six other prominent Americans have also signed this appeal.

\$000) 978 \$1.26 (\$-1"-55)

## FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

ALBANY	ARCZ WANK	4/23/56	4/11,15,16/56	
TITLE OF CASE		Report made Av		Typed By:
9		CHARACTER OF C	ABE	<b></b>
			_	•

Subject school granted provisional charter 11/17/32, and absolute charter 5/20/38, by NYS Board of Regents to operate as educational institution. Background information set forth.

-RUC-

### DETAILS

On April 11, 1956,
Law Department, New York State Department of
Education, advised that the Board of Regents granted the
Little Red Schoolhouse on November 17, 1932, a provisional
charter to operate as an educational institution.
further advised that on May 20, 1938, the school was granted
an absolute charger.

The fellowing background information was obtained from puresal on subject school as made available by

In application for incorporation under Section 59 of educational law made June 13, 1932, the name of the proposed school was to be Little Red Schoolhouse, Incorporated; purpose for which such corporation is to be formed is to establish a small experimental school in which can be duplicated a typical public school situation discarding only such public school factors as are mon-essential in an educational sense. The conditions which will be retained are large classrooms, lew expenditures and a cerriculum similar to public schools at large, the purpose of school is to be a non-stock organisation; institution to be located at 196-198 Bleeker Street, Berough of Manhattan, County and State of New York.

- C- 22 . 1

The organisational committee was listed as Mrs. Chairman.

Mrs. FRANKLIN DE ROOSEVELT

**\*** 



# INDEXED-125

## Mrs. Roosevelt Counsels Interracial Conference

By FRANCES LIDE

Concentration on one important goal at a time was urged by Mrs. Franklin D. Roosevelt posterony as the way to surmount barriers to human and saivil rights.

Reynote speaker at the twoyday shierrasial Consevence of Woman-now being held at the Willerd Motel, Mrs. Roosevelt warned against trying to do the same thing everywhere and everything at once in the right for racial equality.

"I think you must be content to put your greatest emphasis on what you think is the most important thing in your area," she told delegates to the conference which is sponsored by the Vational Council of Mezza, Women

"You will nave to decide what you think is most important. But don't be divided in your efforts. If you are doing too many things at once you will lose the drive that is necessary."

#### Housing Important

The speaker said that complete desegregation in housing is one of the most important objectives to be sought in New York. "That must happen before we can have real desegregation in achools," ahe asserted amid applause.

"In the Southern States," she continued, "It seems to me that the right for protection in your right to vote should be the very first step. This is a Pederal right, and I think ways could be found to have Pederal supervision through local authorities."

She further suggested that the aid of churches might be enlisted in effecting "this important step."

Mrs. Roosevelt also stressed the adverse effect of segregation on this country's prestige in international affairs. "All the world watches what happens in the United States," ahe said. "And everything that happens here is known throughout the world.

"One of the great barriers to leadership of the United States is that we are felt not to think of all people as being squal in all things."

"We will never be able to light the Communist process satisfactorily unless we can solve this problem."

Several sundred women are attending the conference, arranged in connection with the council's 31st annual convention.

Dr. Mordecal Johnson, president of Howard University, shared the program at yester-day's apening session.

#### Influence of Bones

Tr. Johnson mid women could have a profound influence in America and the world if they became aware of their potential strength and faced up to the problem of human relations.

The Supreme Court ruling that public school segregation is unconstitutional offers a special challenge to women, both as mothers and teachers, he mid.

"It is the loving heart of the teacher that is going to be decisive in this," he contended.

Dr. Johnson criticised churches for their fallure to take the lead in desogregating schools. Without identifying him further, he said one of the Supreme Court fustices told him that "one of the great tragedies of America is that the Christian churches of America didn't precipitate this."

The speakers were presented by Mrs. William Thomas Mason, national president of the formeil.

Wash. Post and Times Herald
Wash. News Wash. Star
N. Y. Herald
Tribune N. Y. Mirror
N. Y. Daily News Daily Worker
The Worker

INDEXED-125

MCT RECONDED 10 NOV 23 1956 4

Date <u>NOV 1 7 1958</u>

## al Finds Crack in

Ambassador Stevenson miles a time-honored quotation rom American history and farned it on the ultra-conservaare amid the laughter of mericans for Democratic Acion in the Hotel Autor fast

sight.
"Looking at today's conserva" be told the 500 tive leaders," he told the 500 persons at the ADA's 14th alper be right than President.

Stevenson's takeoff on Henry Clay's old line was one of the high high points of a talk in which he said that the United State his on a new frontier of plange and uncertainty.

James A. Wechsler, editor of The Post, received a special ciuston at the dinner for his work on The Post, the old newspaper PM and the Nation maga-mine.

More Quips

Continuing to flavor his speech the work of America's right wingers "just one more case of pelle usl emotion.".

ey various france of suph sking," the Embassador & sadience which Included a imber of other IN an ers and Eleanor Roosevelt. this sation ever bet freet on the beth reli and done."

Stevensos becarre the "rightus indignation" beth my sort
fier was the wrong way to conwer a problem. "Today's proems are hig and complex," he mid. "A really creative step is pund to offend some people and s not bound to succeed."

Four and Hadred' Assistant Secretary of State stian Cleveland charged in eech that the 'extremis's ir time share a fear and a be d for the evolving world of e present period."

Fie branded "those who live n the medical right and the reectionary left" as "the most angerous enemies" of Presient Kennedy's program of peaceful change."

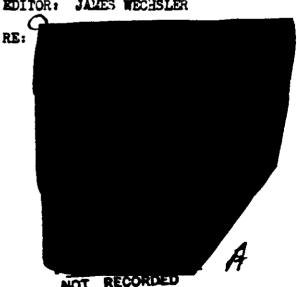
Wechsler, in semarks after ceiving his award from Herard Prof. Samuel &L. Beer, haonal ADA chairman, said tighting liberalism" was not the other side of the coin of fren reaction" and called on "those of us who are ide fied as extremist left to be of ficus to attack and show ou mirk and our fight"

CLIPPING FROM THE

N. Y	POST	
EDITION	LATE CITY	
DATED	2/2/62	
PAGE	2	

FORWARDED BY MY DIVISION

EDITOR: JAMES WECHSLER



NOT RECORDED 46 FEB 8. 1962

## ADA Honors Wechsler



Julies A. Wechsler (center), editor of The Pest, is henored by Americans for Democratic Action.

Mrs. Franklin D. Bonnevelt and ADA Chairman Samuel Boar congratulated him.



# Mrs. Roosevell Relection Hints Democrats

## Will Become Stronger ...

CHICAGO — It is quite evident the people of the country re-pudiated the Republican Party while electing President Eisen-hower by an overwhelming vote. This means that two years or four years from now the Republicans will not have the strength they had in this election.

At the same time, there will be room for great improvement in our state organization, Much more attention should now be paid to the suburban areas, where the vote is increasing. Even the New York City organization shows up as extremely weak. While there are some who believe that the Liberal Barty ties the Democrats up with Americans for Demoeratic Action (ADA) and a too liberal point of view, others realize that many candidates would have lost without the Liberal Party vote. To lose its support would therefore be a serious drawback. Personally, I think the Democratic Party is due for a sad awakening if it is not as liberal as the Liberal Party. The only appeal the Democrats have is to liberals, since those who want to be really reactionary will obviously vote for the Republican Party.

G Hossisa

was serry to see that the state did not wate the bond issue for medium-priced housing. It is a good thing to continue building roads and I voted for both bond But I seel that the housling bond tosue was very unich needed, for it is becoming harder and harder to get medium-priced housing. I think we should give more attention to housing together. Now that we must make the effort to have intergrated housing not only in slum areas but in the medium-priced areas. It is not likely we can accomplish it withsut some assistance from the state.

¶ Caacer

AT the recent annual meeting of the American Cancer Society
2800 men and women—came to
New York from all parts of the
U. S. to "discuss, evaluate and
plan" their continuing fight
against cancer. It is good to know
that the death rate from panier
has dropped significantly. Tooky
one out of every three patients is
being saved, which means that
28,500 each year are being saved
from death by cancer. the American Cancer Society

The trouble is that this is not good enough, for we are told that actually this death rate should be cut in half. It is all a question apparently of early diagnosis and treatment, which should be available to more and more people. Of course, we need educationeducation of all kinds of people. not fust of doctors and scientists.

There will be cancer drives this year all over the contary to acquaint more people with the prob-iem of cancer, and I hope that we will do well in the New York area. Wash. Post and \_ Times Herald 2 Wash. News \_ Wash. Star \_ N. Y. Herald -Tribune N.Y. Mirror \_ N. Y. Daily News \_ Daily Worker .... The Worker \_\_\_ New Leader ....

- A Date 1 3 1956

149 NOV 19 1956



## 47\_Liberals Urge U.S. To Avoid War Over Matsu

Americans who call themselves liberals urged President Macnhower today to "take immediate steps to extricate the United States and the world from the present menace of war in the Formosa Strait."

They called on the President to make clear in such negotiations that the United States will not commit its forces to the defense of Matsu and Quemoy "and will not permit them to pecotice a cause of war."

Ampointment of the telegram to E). Eisenhower was eratic Action, which said the eigners acted as individuals. ADA, claiming 45,000 members, salls itself an "independent, anti-Communist political organisation" dedicated to the cause-

Partial List of Signers

Among those listed as signers were Mrs Franklin D. Roosevelt, Norman Thomas, veteral, Socialist leader; W. P. Stennedy. president of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen; author-commentator, Elmerdavis; Mrs. India Edwards, vice chairman of the Democratic National Committee; Dr. Reinhold Nei-buhr. Union Theological Sem-lary; the Sev. John Haynes folmes, former pastor of Com-Lloyd R. Garrison Carrison, Men

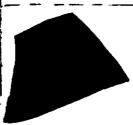
Forty - seven wall - known former State Department adviser, and Barvard professors, Zectarial Chaice, ir.; Seymour Harris, Alvis Hansen and Ar-thur M. Schledinger, ir. Affirming their support of

United States pledges to help defend Formosa and the Pescadores against any Chinese Communist atempt to invade Chiang Kaishek's Mationalist refuge, the 47 signers said the case of the silshore islands of Mateu and Que moy is quite different.

Defense Not a "Must"

"We submit that the triumds over which this threat arises are inseparable from the Communist) mainland by reason of their situation and, as you observed some months ago, not essential for the defense of Pormosa and the Pescadores, the telegram said.

The telegram asked Mr. Elsenhower to seek the so-operstion of other free through the United Mations or in direct talks, to join in seeking a solution "in accordance with international law which will rethe Quemoy and Matsu Islands."



Wash, Post and Times Herald

Vash. News

Vash, Star

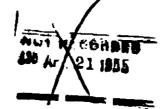
N. Y. Herald Tribuse

N. Y. Mirror

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NOT RECORDED 126 MAY 11 1955

MAY 1 3 1955



ADA Blasts McCarthy Again; G.O.P. Chairman Defends Him

Americans for Democratic Ac-Mon elected a Wisconsin lawyer shairmen for the next year and under to the Wisconsin Repubtook a final swipe at Senator Mc-lican, and asserted that the Carthy before concluding their mixth annual convention at the Motel Statler yesterday.

Elected to direct the liberal political group were James E. Doyle of Madison, Wisconsin Democratic Elect chairman, and Dr. Arthur H. Echlesinger, jr., professor of history at Harvard. Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was elected honorary chairman

Mrs. Eleanor Roosevelt was elected honorary chairman.
Named to the ADA's executive board were Senator Morse, Independent of Oregon; former Sobial Security Administrator Arthur J' Altmeyer; former Air Force Secretary Thomas K. Finletter; Leon Keyserling, head of President Truman's Council Geonomic Advisers; Frank Karthson, jr., of New York; David J. Lloyd, former administrative se-Bloyd, former administrative es-sistant to Mr Truman; Telfard Taylor, former head of the Small Defense Plants Administration; and Mrs. Quincy Wright of Massachusetts.

#### Ask for Repudiation.

In a resolution adopted at the storing session of the three-day meeting, the ADA salled on President Eisenhower and other Republican leaders to repudiate Benator McCarthy. It mid the and his allies "have much to common with the Communists profess to appose. Like

By Allen Drury 1 - 1 | toward conformity and their sole test of Soyalty' is egreenient with their conclusions."

The ADA charged that Repub-Democratic leadership "must not bury its head in the political sands in the hope that the Mc-Carthy issue will somehow beas AWAY."

It also urged religious and educational leaders to "stand firm in the face of this immoral and subversive attack and . . . continue to expose its essential un-Americanism."

In a similar statement issued in New York, directors of Preedom House also attacked the Wisconsin Senator for his "irresponsible" comments in reply to a recent speech by former British Prime Minister Clement Attlee, although they also criticized Mr. Attlee's statements as "illconceived."

#### McCarthy is Defended.

The Senator was defended by Republican National Chairman Leonard W. Hall, who said on a radio-television program that "We should be loath to attempt to smear him because he uses certain tectics which we may not approve, but at least it brings out situations which we all want to cure."

At its final session the ADA also heard James E. Carey, secretary-treasurer of the CIO, say the New Deal and Pair Deal have been succeeded by "the Staked Deal." And it adopted communists, their basic drive a domestic policy platform which also attacked the administration for its programs on natural recources, civil liberties, farm insome, social security and flecal policy.

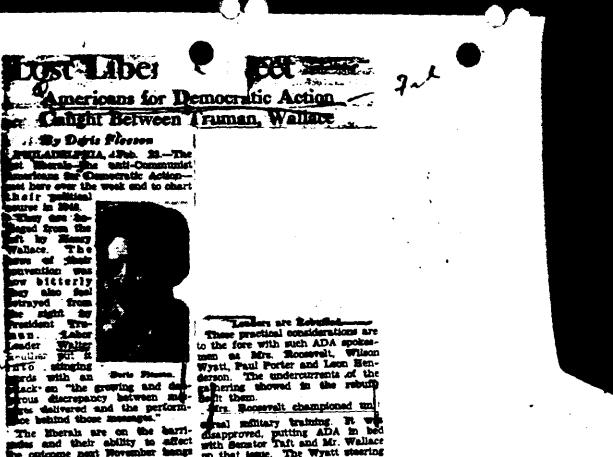
It also charged that the administration has abandoned the soncepts of full amployment. high wages and expanding production embodied in the Employent Act of 1946.





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be outcome next Movember hangs the talknor as they apportion

ame for sheir plays.

Practically speaking the truthle
that they want what it new apars they cannot get this time-presidential candidate to their and the Republican convenn since its membership is main-Democratic. Because on inembent President always is re-eminated if he so desires, ADA has a real power to alter the choice of Mr. Truman when the Demoate meet.

Protest Vote Impossible.
At the same time, Mr. Wallace as rubbed them of the ordinary scourse of political dissidents he protest vote. ADA leaders fresly litack Mr. Wallace as a ceptive of the Communists and denounce s party as a Communist device degrade and divide the liberal oversent. They are sheared for and tew elling now to the notion t Mr. Wallace means well. Mt Mr. Wallace means well. The part of the senders grepared to reach the general that politics is be art of the general that select on a stabborn unimosity ward the President that is bent on president The question is how far introduced of the president that is bent on president release of emotions can easily a and ethil merent them into the d still permit them later to beir votes to the pole of their behalf.

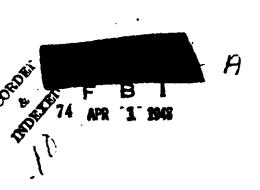
It is the reverse of the Moral robies with Mr. Wallace. Lib-tals so long sold Mr. Wallace to country as the champion of common man that they are string extreme difficulty smelling medi Mr. Truman ton Vigorousy, her may find they counst sail him sait November if and When they

disapproved, putting ADA in hed with Senator Taft and Mr. Wallace on that issue. The Wyatt steering committee tried to negotiate an inmeasurements to negotiate an in-mocuous resolution postponing cam-paign discussions until after the major parties had commented their mandidates. A tart declaration der manding action on major launes was theritotical

betituted.

That ADA # naitive to Mr. Truman was hard! nticipated. Mr. Beuther wolced beir complaint that Mr. Truman does not deliver but surrounds himsalf increasingly with conservatives. To this they appear to have added an intensely parsonal resentment that he so thoroughly ignores them, baking it for granted that they have no place size to go. This is an scho from the Bouth on the civil-rights sontroversy-Southerners say in exechiroversy—Bothlemens my m exsetly the same tone that the President pays no attention to them besume he thinks they have no place
slee to go. That it is, realistically,
the approximate truth, does not
make it more paintable to either of
the addifferent embattled factions.

Shelessed by the Bell Byndinger Hills go.



WASHINGTON STAR Page 9 Sec A

THE MENT

## Office Memorandum . United STATES GOVERNMENT

70

DATE: June 26, 1952

FROM

SUBJECT :

Miss Adams communicated with the Bureau by letter 6-7-57 'requesting Bureau advice as to whether she should include in a book, which she was writing, an episode concerning the Bureau's investigation of an alleged Nazi, Andrew J. Hercha, Jr.

The New York Division by letter 6-18-57 was instructed to have two Agents contact hiss Adams and advise her of what our file reflected as indicated above.

The New York Division has transmitted a letter dated 6-24-57 advising that subject was interviewed on 6-21-57 by Bureau Agents, who advised her of the true facts in the Hercha matter. She told the Agents Mrs. Roosevelt had told her that President Roosevelt was not dissatisfied with Mr. Hoover's personal handling of the case but was critical of the work of some Agents in the field. She also said Mrs. Roosevelt sent to her through the mail an official copy of a confidential memorandum from the Director to Mrs. Roosevelt in which the Director stated that he had been called to the White House twice to discuss the Hercha case. Miss Adams said that this memorandum is in the hands of Isaac Don Levine, who is "shaping up" her forthcoming thook,

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## Office Men. randum . UNITED STATES GOVE

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 6/24

ALK FROM . SAC, NEW YORK

SUBJECT

On 6/21/57. Miss ADAMS was contacted by SAS

at her residence, 311 W. 95th

Street, New York Lity; Where she resides with a

She was advised of all of the points mentioned in ReBulet. She remarked that she was grateful for the Bureau's acknowledgement of her letter and that she was very surprised to hear that President Roosevelt had never discussed the results of the Andrew J. Hercha, Jr. case with the Director. She said, "That is not the way it was handed to me." She said that Mrs. Roosevelt had told her that the President was not dissatisfied with Mr. Hoover's personal handling of the case but was critical of the work of some agents in the field.

Miss ADAMS said that Mrs. Roosevelt became involved in a dispute with Westbrook Pegler over the Hercha case and asked her to do some "leg work" for her. This involved visiting the office of the DAILY WORKER to get affidavits as well traveling in Pennsylvania to get affidavits from employees of the Baldwin Locomotive plant. Miss Adams said that when she turned over the results of her work to Mrs. Roosevelt the latter told her not to answer any telegrams or letters from the FBI because President Roosevelt wanted to talk to the Director first. She said that she made herself unavailable and about ten days later received a telephone call from the President who told her, "It is all right now. You can see the Boy Scouts."

Franklin L. Va.

Miss ADAMS said that Mrs. ROOSEVELT sent to her through the mail an official copy of a confidential memorandum from the Director to Mrs. Roosevelt, in which the Director stated that he had been called to the White House twice to discuss the Hercha Case. Miss ADAMS said that this memo, as well as all her papers, is in the hands of ISAAC DON BEVINE who is Letter to Director

6/24/57

"shaping up" her forthcoming book.

The Bureau will be advised of any further information on this subject which comes to the attention of this office.

# Office Memorandum . United STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : DATE: J

DATE: June 14, 1957

SUBJECT :

Josephine Truelow Adams, who was associated with high-ranking Communist Party officials and with communist front groups during the period from 1940 to 1946 and who has publicly been identified as the liaison agent between Sarty Browder and Fresident and First Pranklin De Roosevelt, has written to the Director under date V of 6-7-57. She indicates she is writing a book which will be in the hands of her publishers on 7-1-57.

In her letter, Miss Adams indicates she desires to be advised whether the Bureau has any objection to the inclusion in the book of an episode concerning an FBI investigation of Andrew J. Miss Adams indicates that the FBI investigation furnished to Mrs. Roosevelt "more of less cleared Hercha" of any Masi connection that President Roosevelt was displeased with the investigation, and he called the Birector to the White House twice to discuss it, Miss Adams adds that Mrs. Roosevelt asked her to conduct investigation of Hercha.

# Office Memorandum • United States Government

V

SUBJECT:

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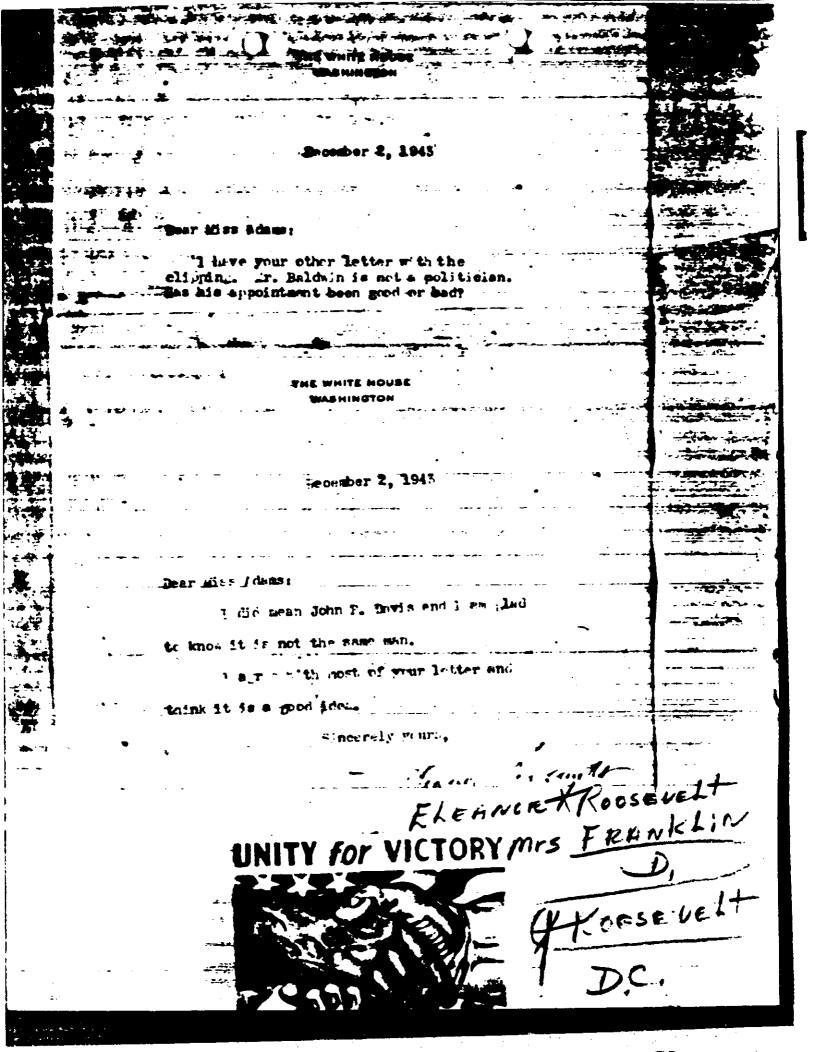
DATE: 1-7-57

The papers contain correspondence between Mrs. Roosevelt and

Miss Adams.

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Of interest is a letter from the Director dated August 9, 1944, addressed to Miss Adams acknowledging a communication which Miss Adams addressed to Mrs. Roosevelt pointing out that the information she furnished was of primary interest to the War and Navy Departments.



I happen not to want ' Er. Lovett go because he has done a grand job. I do not like American Communists : because they have caused a great deal wi trouble here and did all they could to hamper us before Germany went into Eusain Now that it suits their purpose they cooperate. I am all Tor helping Hussia defeat littler but nevertheless I do not want American Communists working here against the good of our country at any time. Very sincerely yours, aise Josephine Ada. 431 Tiverside Drive, Mew York, New York.

March 18, 1945

Dear Miss Adams:

I was very glad to get your letter and of course I believe you.

I think you are very brave, but I de hope you will do nothing that will endanger you.

Sincerely yours,

- There Porlule



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Yes York, N.Y.

Pederal Puresu of Investigation Department of Jestice Washington, B.C.

January 6, 1943

Personal and Confidential Special Messenger

My dear Mrs. Roosewelt:

I must to acknowledge receipt of your letter of Seconder S1, 1942, transmitting at the suggestion of the President a letter received by you from Miss Joesphine T. Adams. It is noted that Miss Adams refers to a letter, stated to be bitterly antiunion and antiadministration, which Westbrook Pegler caused to be printed on Mévember 27, 1942. The author of this letter, according to Miss Adams, is indicated to be pro-Masi and on the basis of affidavite prepared by "Baldwin workers" to have Bund connections.

Apropos of this matter, the President in our conversation on Becamber 10, 1942, advised me of a letter received by you from Miss Adams who had, in turn, received a communication from one process in information concerning that the latter was in possession of certain information concerning Pegler. This information was stated by the perfect to be of such character as to prove that Peiler gets some of his material from "out and out Masis".

As a result of this information, was interviewed at which time it was determined that he had no significant date to offer spart from the fact that write employees by the Beliwin Loccmotive Works in Philadelphia, Penna, some of the employees of this company indicated that another amployee stated to be pro-Nasi had boasted of having written a letter which appeared in Pegler's column, and the letter signed a "Tank Worker" appeared during the latter part of November 1942 in a Philadelphia newspaper. I have previously supplied Major Ceneral Edwin M. Watson for the President's consideration a copy of Pegler's column of November 28, 1942, as it appeared in the Washington Maily News. A review of Pegler's articles for the latter part of November indicated that this was the enly column which approximated that which the President of November indicated that this was the enly column which approximated that which the property appeared to have in mind.

I have also previously supplied General Mateon with a photostatic copy of an article bearing the caption "Pegler Uses Hitler-Admirer's Assumition to Attack Arms Workers. This article was written by Walter Lowenfels and appeared in the Borker, Sunday edition of the Daily Worker, for Becember 20, 1942. This article related that "it was not difficult to trace this treacherous pro-Masi letter from Pegler's column to Baldwin's tank shop". Going on the article identified one Andrew Herena "who had long been suspected of pro-Masiam by the other Workers" as the author of the letter.

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

## THE WHITE HOUSE '

December 26, 1941

My dear Miss Adams:

Your letter of the 19th and the clipping you enclosed have been received.

I shall be glad to give them to Mrs. Roosevelt at the first opportunity.

Very sincerely yours,

Secretary to Krs. Roosevelt

hiss Josephine Truslow Adams 2125 Cherry Street Philadelphia Pennsylvania

- -

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

Hyde Park, New York August 11, 1941

Door Liss Adams:

ing me the charming painting. I am delighted to have it and plan to hang it with another of your paintings which was given to me by Esther Lage.

Very sincerely yours,

- and frewell

SS-motor



Miss Josephine Truslow Adams
506 Penfield Building
Juriper and Chestnut Streets
Philadelphia
Pennsylvania

VAL-KILL GOTTABE WYDE PARK, EUTCHESS COLRETY SERV VERK

December 18, 1954

Dear Miss Adams:

Thank you for your letter which I read with much interest. I shall be delighted to receive a copy of your book and look forward to 4t.

with my every good wish for a joyous holiday season,

Very sincerely yours,

There Toolast.

T' T

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

July 13, 1944

Derr Niges Adams:

I think you should know that your letters go directly to the President. What then happens I do not know.

I hope you have a good summer's rest and I am glad to near that you will go back to a college in the autumn.

Sincerely yours,

- Thana ! or swell

THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON



Miss Jose hine Truslow Adems Hillburn New York

431. Reverable Drive 7rg-Cely-

Letter morey bot became

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debit went me





The state of the s

### THE WHITE HOUSE WASHINGTON

July 3, 2944.

My dear Liss Adums: .

to thank you for your letter of June 2,th with its enclosure which she was interested to see.

wery sincerely yours,

Malinea & Thompson

Secretary to Mrs. Roosevelt.

Liss Josephine .. Adams
Lil Riverside Drive
Likew Lork, Les York..

TE WHITE HOUSE





Agricultura (Aggir 1984) destination (Aggir 19

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Rederal Aurean of Investigation

United States Repartment of Instice

Washington, B. C.

Jamary 20, 1943

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MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

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INTRODUCTION

Parther, according to

Hiss Adams exhibited at the party
a typewritten copy of a "two page letter" which she stated was sent to Mrs.
Roosevelt by the Bureau under date of January 5, 19h3, in reply to a letter
from Mrs. Roosevelt to the Bureau. Miss Adams indicated that she had received
this copy from Mrs. Roosevelt and that at the time the copy was given to her
Mrs. Roosevelt made a very uncomplimentary remark regarding you. Miss Adams
also stated that Mrs. Roosevelt made uncomplimentary remarks concerning Attorney General Riddle and, in addition, quoted to Miss Adams supposedly uncomplimentary remarks made by the President to Mrs. Roosevelt concerning you, the
content of which remarks labeled you as a Fascist and "Rimmler-like."

A-23-55

COPIES DESTROYED

Liss Miss quoted the last paragraph in the copy which she had in
her possession, according to ... and from the quotation given by
it is practically identical with the last paragraph of the Europea's
letter to Mrs. Roosevalt dated January 5, 1943.

BUY

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13

### LETTER PRON MRS. MODSEVELT

By letter dated December 31, 1942, Mrs. Roosevelt forwarded at the suggestion of the President a copy of a subsequent letter relative to this same matter received by Mrs. Roosevelt from Josephine Truslow Adams. In the content of her letter to Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Adams again referred to the letter from "a tank worker" which Pegler caused to be printed in his article

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published on November 27, 1942. Miss Adams indicated that this "tank worker" is pro-Nazi and on the basis of affidavits of workers at the Baldwin Locomotive Works (which she did not furnish to Mrs. Roosevelt) this worker had Bund connections. Miss Adams in that same communication to Mrs. Roosevelt stated that she hoped to develop further information concerning this matter. In this connection she wrote "also Sam Darcy is back there and would help if he could since he knows many Baldwin workers." (It is noted that Sam Darcy is Secretary of District #3, COMMUNIST PARTY, USA). Miss Adams herself is, of course, known to have rather definite connections with organizations which have been fronts for the Communist Party, USA.

### REPLY TO MRS. ROOSEVELT

On January 5, 1943, a memorandum was prepared for you outlining the above data and attaching a letter of reply to Mrs. Roosevelt. This letter set forth the information available in the files of the Bureau regarding the matter and included the interview with Hercha and the investigation conducted with regard to him. Mrs. Roosevelt was also informed of the letter which had previously been forwarded to Major General Watson at the White House.

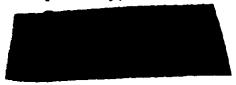
This letter to Mrs. Roosevelt consisted of three pages. The final sentence of this letter ran over onto the top of the third page, and since it appears to be pertinent in view of the quotation made by Josephine Truslow Adams at the party reported on by the control of the cont

"I hope that the foregoing information will be of assistance to you in considering the substance of Miss Adams' letter which I am returning to you herewith."

### CONCLUSION

According to the report of and as pointed out previously in this memorandum, the quotation by Miss Adams of the last sentence from the copy which she had in her possession appears to be identical with the last sentence of the letter sent to Mrs. Roosevelt on January 5, 1943.

Respectfully,



Attachment